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Established October 27, 1855.

JACKSON, AMADOR COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1908.

Five Cents Per Copy.

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Of Civil, Electrical Mining Engineering, etc.
ESTABLISHED 1864.
Occupying their own large building, workshop and laboratories.
Great demand for ex-students in all lines.
New students should enroll at once.
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Dealer in—

AMERICAN WATCHES, CLOCKS JEWELRY

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All goods warranted as represented

Repairing of watches, Clocks and jewelry specialty.

Board of Supervisors.

The board of supervisors met Tuesday, September 8; all members present. After reading and approving the minutes of last meeting, the following claims were examined and ordered paid out of the respective funds:

Hospital fund—
G L Thomas, meat - \$ 70 12
G Oneto Co., vegetables - 9 30
P L Cassinelli, allowance - 10 00
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co., phones - 1 70
P Tallon, filing saws - 2 00
Mrs C Langhorst, supplies - 14 35
A A Massa, wood - 48 00
E S Pitois, digging graves, etc. - 14 00
D Bona, conveyance - 4 00
Kidd Bros., hay - 240 97
Spagnoli Drug Co., drugs - 9 25
Sam Phear, rep. shoes - 2 50
Wm Carey, labor - 10 00
Mrs F B Lemoine, matron - 30 00
F B Lemoine, superintendent - 60 00
Mrs M A Tregloan, cook - 30 00
Mrs J Turner, washing - 8 00
E E Endicott, physician - 60 00
Mrs C Richtmyer, water - 7 00
Amador E R L Co., lights - 6 15
P L Cassinelli, groceries - 182 33
Jackson Gas L Co., gas - 4 75

Current Expense—
L Lamb, labor assessor's office - \$12 00
Mrs C Langhorst, supplies - 72 00
W L Rose, witness fees - 5 10
T S Tuttle, health officer - 43 50
Fred Rabb, jail rent - 5 00
Jackson Gas L Co., gas - 15 95
A Grillo, mileage - 2 40
W M Amick, " - 2 40
D A Fraser, " - 80
L Burke, " - 2 40
National Hotel, meals for jury - 59 35
W E Doan, reporting - 36 00
J D Perkins & Son, supplies - 1 60
W J Bryant, witness fees - 1 90
J H Stapleton, " - 1 90
C N Thoms, " - 1 90
Mrs Annie Hurst, board - 15 05
US Gregory brd. of prisoners - 96 00
Spagnoli Drug Co., drugs for jail - 3 60
W Gibbert et al, coyote bounty - 30 00
John Podesta, blue jay bounty - 3 30
Amador Dispatch, printing - 55 75
A Carlisle & Co. supplies - 3 25
County offices, postage - 25 00
F W Parker, watchman - 10 00
Amador E R L Co., lights - 3 00
John Guizi, interpreter - 15 00
US Gregory, traveling exp. - 14 00
Mrs C Richtmyer, water - 6 00
Vela & Piccardo, supplies - 54 00
C E Parker, expressage - 3 91
Mrs Annie Hurst, board - 43 00
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co., phones - 21 00
Mrs D Going, washing - 7 50
N E Wheeler, expenses - 18 75
Wm Going, janitor - 70 00
H E Potter, inquests - 22 37
Mrs M W Folger, expressage - 1 75
Jas Bryant, witness fees - 15 80
G Pionelli, " - 8 30
Luigi Nilo, " - 8 30
J S Coffman, " - 5 10
John Miller, " - 9 40
Garbarini Bros., labor - 2 50
O'Neil & Podesta, livery - 8 00
Mrs Mary Turner, guarding - 6 00
Geo Tolman, plastering - 25 00
Sam Phear, expressage - 50
Geo Tolman, painting - 297 00

Road District No. 1—G W Kelley, labor \$18, Garbarini Bros. 2 30, Al Dufrene 97 50, Frank Davalle, 21 C Getulio 47, J Martell 1 50, Paul Rasia 4.
Road District No. 2—W H Langford, labor \$90, Draper & Nichols 15.60.
Road District No. 3—Geo Rule, labor \$19, R O McKean 40, J Schoonmaker 12, G Schroder et al 34, F Thompson 6.75, A Piccardo, supplies 6.50, H Schroder 3.17.
Road District No. 4—Fred Rabb, labor, \$4 John Richards 10, B White 6.75, A Malatesta 4, H Cook 108 46, G Rea 2, W Boltano 2, J Casagrande 2, D White 4, C E Richards, supplies 4 95, W H Norton, hose 2 50.
Road District No. 5—C Freeman, labor \$4, S Sharp 4, Joe Davis 2.
General Road Fund—T Stowers, labor \$42; O'Neil & Podesta, livery 3 50; Amador Co. L Co., lumber 38 30, F M Whitmore 7 80, Amador Co. L Co. 21 60.

Salary Fund—John Strohm, W M Amick, D A Fraser, A Grillo and L Burke each \$25 as road commissioners.
In the matter of the application of W. J. Hite for liquor license for saloon in Oleta, there was a lively skirmish. Remonstrances of the women of Oleta to the granting of the license, and also communication from residents of that village asking that the license be granted were read. R. C. Hole appeared as counsel for the petitioner. The following witnesses were examined: W J Hite, Ben D French, Louis Smith, Raymond Richards and J C Devore. It was thereupon moved by Grillo, seconded

by Strohm that the petition of W J Hite for permit to retail liquors in Oleta, be granted, which was carried by the following vote: Ayes—Grillo, Amick, Strohm; noes—Burke, Fraser.

Permits to retail liquors were also granted to the following: Cavagnaro and Petrinovich, T. M. Ryan, Mary A Votaw, Wm. Hanley, J. Pionelli, Lucot & Boro, Gallo Bros., Jos Dufrene, Chichizola Estate Co., Bondi & Rosa, A. Cassassa, G. Bragovich, S. Sharpe, W H Glasson, Peter I Jonas.

Mrs Annie E. Campbell was allowed \$6.25 per month for support of half orphan.

Mrs Gomez was allowed \$15 per month for support, until further order of the board.

W. L. Rose appeared before the board for an appropriation for the erection of a jail at Sutter Creek. Supervisor Fraser was ordered to erect a jail at a cost not to exceed \$200.

At the request of A. Caminetti the application of E. Chuma for a liquor license was laid over.

The sum of \$75 allowed for the repair of the Silver Lake road around Carson Spur. Geo. A Kirkwood appearing in behalf of an appropriation for such purpose.

Warrants were cancelled on the various funds as follows:

School fund	\$1083 93
Current expense	338 51
Hospital	740 36
Salary	3073 31
Road district No. 1	287 55
" 2	158 00
" 3	44 00
" 4	214 84
" 5	36 55
General road	53 05
Bridge	822 73
Teachers' institute and library	2 40
Oneida special building fund	10 00
Total	\$9863 23

Adjourned until Sept. 21.

Dennis Arrested.

A warrant was sworn out yesterday by Robert Christenson of this town for the arrest of Jackson Dennis, ex-president of the Sutter Creek State Bank, on a charge of embezzlement. It is alleged that he kept and appropriated to his own use and benefit \$500 belonging to the complainant. At present writing, he had not yet been found.—Amador Record.

In addition to the above charge another warrant was issued on the complaint of Dennis Madden charging Jackson Dennis with embezzlement of the sum of \$11250, belonging to the banking corporation. Sheriff Gregory when he left here last Friday morning, taking the three prisoners, Ed. and Jack Keyes and P. McQuirk, to serve their five years each in San Quentin for stealing eight chickens, was armed with the two warrants for the arrest of Dennis, the president of the wrecked bank. He returned with Dennis in charge Tuesday evening. Dennis came up provided with a bond, which was fixed by justice Goldner at \$12,000 in the case in Jackson. The sureties were Homer W. Wood, formerly of the Amador Record, and who has been an attorney representing Dennis in the bank's complications from the outset. He is from San Francisco. The other surety is John R. Tregloan, formerly of Amador City, who is unquestionably a man of means. District attorney Vicini required that the bondsmen appear and give satisfactory proof of their ability to meet the obligation, and the hearing was to be had yesterday. In the meantime the accused bank president was liberated on the strength of the bonds given.

In the Sutter Creek case the amount of the bonds required is \$7000. Jackson Dennis has been in Jackson and Sutter Creek since he was brought here by the officers, in the effort to secure bondsmen. He is represented by R. C. Hole as attorney. On the two charges it will require nearly \$38,000 to secure his release pending trial.

Peter Dabovich is out on bonds in connection with alleged shady transactions of the closed bank, in \$10,000, qualifying in double that amount making \$58,000 all told.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our sincere thanks to all friends who tendered assistance in any way during the last illness and funeral ceremonies of a beloved husband and father, Francis Ledoux.

Mrs. Ledoux and family.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cents at any drug store.

DEEDED TO STATE

On Account of Delinquent Taxes of 1902.

Deeds to the state have been filed for record in the recorder's office for the undermentioned property, on account of unpaid taxes for the year 1902. The amount of taxes given is what was due at the time of sale to the state. Parties who own any of the parcels described should settle as soon as possible, as the expenses accumulate right along, and besides any person can apply to have any piece put up for sale at auction to the highest bidder.

G Cassassa, part of lot 10 block 12, Jackson Gate, \$7.

Mrs S Clark, house and lot in South Jackson, \$8 24.

Estate of Phil Crannis, frac. of 10-5-11, \$3 22

A Caminetti, interest by mortgage on land in 17 and 18-6-12, \$22 43.

Adams & Ekel, lots 19, 24, 25, 26 and 27 block 6, Lancha Plana, \$2 67.

J D Morton, interest by mortgage on Black Prince, Dream, Bonanza, Queen, Anna Williams, New Year, Annie Lane, Golden Eagle, Oriental Sweepstake, El Dorado and Superior Quartz mine, El Dorado county and Clark Hill, Deep Gravel Placer and Nigger Hill Cement Gravel mine, \$3.77

Milton Bearce, house on Bonanza mine, \$6 14.

J Boomershire, Amador State quartz mine and mill in 26-7-13, \$5 35.

Clark Bros., 180 acres in section 2 and 3-7-11, \$21 61.

G B Laughlin, interest by mortgage, \$33.39.

Mrs H A Hollister. Whitmore quartz claim, Volcano district, \$11 45.

Frank LeDeux, 480 acres in 28 and 29-7-12, \$4 88.

Lone Hill M. Co., 100 acres in 4-7-11, \$27 89.

Ella M Myers et al, 80 acres in 30-7-12, \$4 88.

Laura C Shealar, 280 acres in 5, 6 and 8-7-13, \$24 72.

J E Shealar, 120 acres in 6-7-13, \$36 06.

R C Walker, lot 1 block 4, Pine Grove, \$10 99.

A E Webster, lot 1 block 3, Pine Grove, \$11 96.

J B Weston, 160 acres in 30 and 31-8-12, \$13 20.

J E Bullard and Eclipse M. Co., lot 9 block 2 and two quartz claims in Amador City, \$26 82.

Wm and Alex Hodge house on Lincoln ground, Sutter Creek, \$8 17.

D Raghusina, lot 21 block 1, Amador City, \$2 68.

J Burke, lot 2 block 16, Plymouth, \$1 03.

Blue Jay and Klondyke M. Co., Blue Jay quartz mine in 14-1-10, \$4 88.

P and E Husch, lot 6 block 14, Drytown, \$1 03.

L Largomarsino, lot 2 block 21, Plymouth, \$1 03.

Mrs S. H. Nichols, lot 11 block 20, Plymouth, \$1 57.

H Pennington, 80 acres in 25-8-9, \$7 51.

C W Swain, 40 acres in 31-8-10, \$5 96.

Wm. Thomas, lot 2 block 22, Plymouth, \$2 68.

Jas. H Allison, interest by mortgage on Allison mine near Plymouth, \$4 49.

Horse Race Between Jackson Flyers.

Saturday afternoon a horse race at the agricultural park at Lone attracted quite a crowd to the track. The contesting speeders were owned respectively by Green & Ratto and O'Neil & Podesta, of the two livery stables of this city. A stake of \$100 a side depended upon the outcome, the distance was 500 yards. Ratto and Green's horse won. There was considerable money changed hands on the event outside of the prize contested for.

Under Treatment at German Hospital.

T. A. Chichizola of Amador City, is in San Francisco undergoing treatment at the German hospital for varicose veins. The disease has troubled him for a long time, and latterly had become so bad as to seriously interfere with his business. At the advice of relatives and friends he determined to go to the city and submit to a thorough treatment at the hands of specialists.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Kind You Have Always Bought

PIONEER FLOUR always has been and still is the best.

MINING NOTES.

Banker Hill—This property continues to develop in a highly satisfactory manner. A record was made last month in drifting. In 18 working days, working full shifts, 140 feet was run. This breaks the record of all such work in Amador county, being at the rate of nearly 8 feet per day. Of course this was in regular ledge matter, where the rock broke readily, but with all this, it is a remarkable feat in drilling. Preparations are being made for sinking; to carry the shaft 400 feet deeper, opening up two new levels of 200 feet each.

After Mines—Edward Bates, representing eastern capitalists, was here several days looking over the Champion mine in Hunt's gulch, adjoining the Doyle mine. He also looked into the affairs of the latter claim, and hopes to be able to get parties to take hold of that likely property. There certainly ought to be, and no doubt is plenty of good mining ground yet to be opened between Jackson and the Mokelumne river.

Butte Basin Gravel—Several parties interested in the drifting operations now in progress to strike the pay gravel believed to exist in the Butte basin have been looking over the property the past week. They are W. McGill, B. F. Pearson, F. E. Holton, J. P. Little and W. E. Stewart, the latter having charge of the work. They have run over 200 feet all told, and are believed to be within a few feet of the auriferous channel. The tunnel is dry, but there is said to be large quantities of water overhead, a strata of clay above being water tight.

Mrs. Robertson Passes Away.

Mrs. Robertson, widow of the late Dr. E. B. Robertson, for many years a prominent physician and surgeon of Jackson, died at the St. Joseph's hospital in Stockton on Monday last, after a lingering illness. At life's closing scene there were present her two surviving daughters—Mrs. Herrick of San Francisco, and Mrs. Elsie Gall of Jackson, also Dr. Gall, who on account of the alarming turn in the sickness of Mrs. Robertson, was impelled to delay his return home after attending the republican state convention two weeks ago. The funeral took place in Stockton on Wednesday, the remains being deposited by the side of deceased's first husband. Deceased left this county soon after the death of Dr. Robertson, about 9 years ago, and has since made her home in Stockton.

Church Notes.

The M. E. Sunday school will meet as usual on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. There will be no other services at the church for two Sundays on account of the pastor being at the seat of conference.

EPISCOPAL.

Regular services will be held in St. Augustine's Episcopal church as follows:
11 a. m.—First and third Sunday in each month.
7:30 p. m.—Second and fourth Sunday in each month.

Amador Man Won Drilling Contest in Grass Valley.

W. H. Daily, recently a resident of Jackson, and an employee of the mines in this vicinity, was a victor in two drilling contests at the labor day picnic in Grass Valley, Nevada county, last Monday. In the main or double-hand event Daily and his partner, Ben Polglase, drilled a down hole 32 1/4 inches in fifteen minutes. The other two teams were a tie with 31 1/2 inches each.

In the single-handed drilling there were four contestants, Daily won the first prize making 15 1/2 inches in fifteen minutes. The next best score was 15 1/4 inches.

Gambling

Your life against 25 cents is just exactly what you are doing if you neglect a cough or cold on the chest instead of treating it with Ballard's Horehound Syrup. A 25 cent bottle of this splendid remedy will cure an ordinary cough, heal the lungs and act as a tonic for your entire system. Sold by Rubner's City Pharmacy.

Tumor Removed.

J. C. Lima of near Butte was operated upon Tuesday morning by Dr. Endicott, assisted by Dr. Sprague, for the removal of a tumor from the back of his neck. He had been troubled with this abnormal growth for several years, the tumor steadily increasing in size. Finally, in hope of a permanent cure, he consented to the application of the surgeon's knife. The tumor was as large as a walnut.

Hotel Arrivals

Globe—Thursday: J M Fennan, J B Bates, P A Bernstein, San Francisco; L Akins, C F Thomas, O Athey, Sinol; C Hallcroft, Sacramento; Wm Jacobs; J Doyle, Gwin Mine.

Saturday—F Ludekens and wife, Defender; E Gooding, Camanche; J Eckert, Mrs E A Moore, Mrs S Dillard, Stockton; W T Krigbaum, Oakland; C H Shields, Monterey; C Richard, San Francisco.

Sunday—Mrs Sowden, Gwin Mine; Samuel Andrews, Blair, Nevada; F B Joyce, Defender; F Merrisini, San Francisco; W Williams, Angels Camp.

Monday—E R Santirfo, Harry Perry, Volcano; Rose Hartoldo, Alma Boe, San Andreas; C Bradshaw, Mrs Hipkins, Kelso Ballantine, Pine Grove; Mrs P Lepley, Miss Anna Lanley, Plymouth; Walter Lucot, Mrs W Lucot, Matt Muldoon, Leland Gorman, Donald Gorman, Sutter Creek.

Tuesday—Alice E Gartlin; Mrs B H Smith, Defender; M F Gallagher, Electra; Geo Tolman, D A Fraser, Sutter Creek; D French, Eva French, Oleta; G R Allen, San Francisco; Allen McWayne, Drytown; F Seguin, Lone; John Hansen, Pine Grove.

National—Saturday: A Christensen, Washington, D C.; Mrs A S Church, Sacramento; F B Winchell, E V Viera, San Francisco.

Sunday—N C Finley, E Fitzgerald, San Francisco; R Strunk, New York; Wm. Liversedge, Blair, Nev.; D Raymond, San Jose.

Monday—Fred Rabb, — Myers, Sutter Creek; A B Summers, Plymouth.

Tuesday—D Grillo, Volcano; J J McDonald, Sacramento; M B Surbaugh, A Marker, C C Huff, A T Cook, San Francisco.

Wednesday—Mr and Mrs R W Thomas, L R Beasley, San Francisco; R W Steckel, Hamby Mine; W H Sheets, G A Prowse, Stockton; Ed. J Ellsworth, Sacramento.

Reunion of Old Pioneers.

The annual reunion of old pioneers of Jackson and vicinity was held at the residence of Charley Peters on September 9. It has been the custom for several years to celebrate admission day by a gathering at the Peters' home. Charley being the ranking pioneer, having come to this section in the days of '49. Fifteen pioneers congregated on the occasion last Wednesday, and spent a few hours pleasantly in reminiscences of the day of old and gold, and in enjoying a feast of good things, dished up in pioneer style. Among those present were James Meehan, C. Peters, J. M. Myers, John Martin, W. P. Peek and other old-timers whose names we have not learned.

For a Sprained Ankle

A sprained ankle may be cured in about one-third the time usually required by applying Chamberlain's Liniment freely, and giving it absolute rest. For sale by Jackson Drug Store, Spagnoli, prop.

Don't be afraid to give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to your children. It contains no opium or other harmful drug. It always cures. For sale by Jackson Drug Store, Spagnoli, Prop.

Death of Mrs. Bernardis.

Mrs John Bernardis died at 8:30 p. m. at her home in Sutter Creek, last Monday, after a lingering illness covering seven or eight months, heart trouble being the immediate cause of death. She was conscious of impending dissolution and retained her mental faculties till the end. Her last sad request before she passed over the great divide was that her relations and friends weep not because of her departure. She was a woman of kindly heart as her dying request would imply. The remains will be interred in the Catholic cemetery to-day at 10 a. m.—Amador Record.

Phear's Express.

Ring up Sam Phear for prompt delivery of trunks, baggage and express packages. Rates reasonable. Leave orders with P. L. Cassinelli, phone Main 35; and Express office, Main 34; residence Black 374.

A Burnt Child

dreads the fire. The dread is wholesome, but not the burn; that can be healed and instantly relieved by applying Ballard's Snow Liniment. Be prepared for accidents by keeping a bottle always in the house. Best for sprains, bruises, cuts, scalds, rheumatism, neuralgia, bunions—any and all aches and pains. Price 25c, 50c and \$1. Sold by Rubner's City Pharmacy.

AMADOR LEDGER

Published every Friday Afternoon

RICHARD WEBB Editor and Proprietor

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CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY..... SEPTEMBER 11, 1908

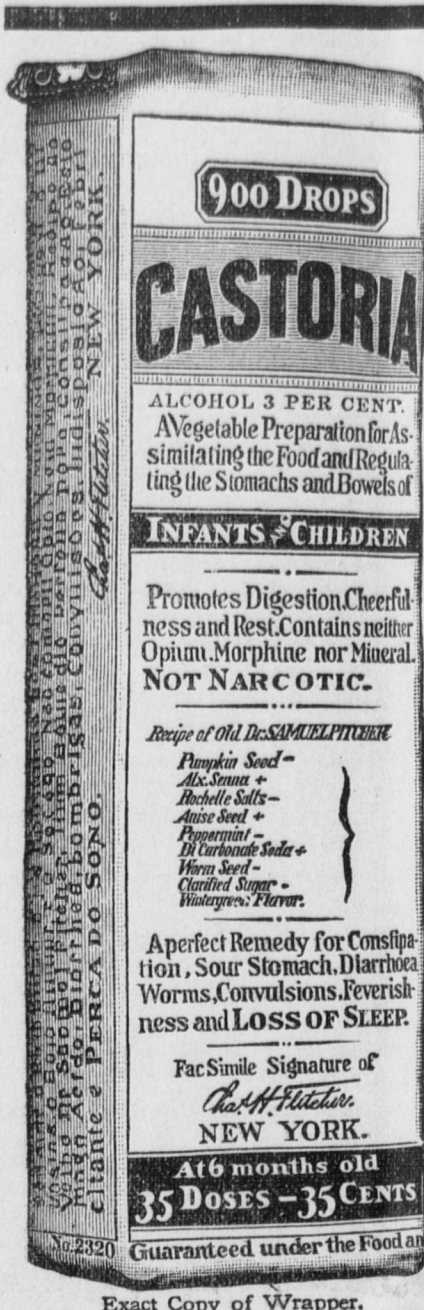
THE NEW TAX SCHEME.

The most important measure, in the shape of a proposed constitutional amendment, to be voted upon at the election in November is senate constitutional amendment No. 1 providing for the reform of taxation in California. The measure to be submitted to the decision of the ballot box is the outcome of years of careful investigation and thought bestowed upon the subject by a special commission appointed for that purpose, upon the recommendation of the then governor, George C. Pardee. A copy of this proposed amendment will be forwarded to every registered voter in ample time to give an opportunity to thoroughly study its provisions. Its main feature is the separation of state and local taxation. Public utility corporations, such as railroads, light and power companies, telegraph and telephone lines, steamboat and stage lines, insurance companies, commercial and savings banks, trust companies, etc., are to be assessed for state purposes only, while all other forms of property are left for the support of the local government. Every property holder is, or should be, deeply interested in this extremely radical departure from existing methods of providing revenue for the maintenance of not only state and county governments, but municipalities as well. It is likely that some of the city governments will be the most affected by the proposed change, although this phase of the question has been given little attention so far. In presence of the pendency of such a momentous issue, it is surprising that citizens manifest such apathy in qualifying themselves to vote by getting on the great register. Property-holders, especially who neglect to enroll on the voting list in time, will be kicking themselves a few weeks hence when the import of this drastic change begins to dawn upon them.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish a communication from the state board of equalization, in which the writer contends that the ratification of this proposed amendment will affect a material reduction of the burden of taxation in Amador county, and that for this reason the Ledger should urge upon the people the advisability of voting for it. We may state that the Ledger article which called forth this communication from the secretary of the state board, wherein we urged the necessity of changes in the laws which would work a reduction of taxes for local purposes, had no reference to this proposed constitutional amendment. We referred to certain changes that might be made in laws specially affecting this county, such as a revision of the fee schedule of the superior court and county officers, the diversion of commissions on the sale of property under order of the courts from private pockets into the county treasury, the wiping out of all extra compensation of county officers outside of their fixed salaries, the repeal of the salary law for township officers, which has proved effective only in piling up burdens upon the taxpayers; the reform of the road system, taking the management of the roads out of the hands of the supervisors. By judicious changes in these respects, and strict economy in expenses, we do not hesitate to say that the tax rate for all county purpose might be cut down to less than \$1 on the \$100 as the assessment roll now stands, whereas it now fluctuates slightly around the \$1.50 mark.

Nevertheless, if the proposed constitutional amendment holds out relief in this direction, it should be carefully considered. In some counties the measure is being strongly opposed on the ground that it would increase rather than decrease the local tax rate. In such counties the assessment roll, we presume, is heavily charged with that class of corporate property that would be withdrawn from the jurisdiction of the local assessor. In Amador county, we are inclined to think the claim that the effect of the new revenue plan would prove beneficial is correct. From an examination of the assessment roll we find that in the neighborhood of one million dollars worth of property would be stricken from the tax roll. Add to this the loss of revenue by the lopping off of all county licenses now imposed upon these corporations, the loss would be equal to the withdrawal of one and a half millions from the taxable property. At 40 cents on the \$100, this would amount to \$6000 per year that Amador property under the new system would contribute for the support of

the state government. Compare this with the sum we are now contributing under the existing system. Putting the assessment roll in round numbers at 5½ million dollars, at 40 cents on the \$100—the lowest in the history of the state—this would yield a revenue of \$22,500. So that the difference so far as Amador county is concerned between the old and the proposed new revenue system is equal to a saving of at least between \$15,000 and \$16,000 per year to the county treasury. True, this loss of state income must be made good by other localities differently situated on this proposition. At any rate, this section has nothing to lose, but much to gain, from the adoption of this proposed constitutional amendment. From the municipal standpoint of the city of Jackson it would take away some sources of revenue, and give nothing in return. But this a small matter, and not worthy of serious thought.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

J. H. Hatcher.

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

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At 6 months old

35 Doses—35 CENTS

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SOME RATES:

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Council Bluffs	-	-	-	30.00
Omaha	-	-	-	30.00
St. Joseph	-	-	-	30.00
Kansas City	-	-	-	20.00
Leavenworth	-	-	-	30.00
Denver	-	-	-	30.00
Houston	-	-	-	30.00
St. Louis	-	-	-	35.50
New Orleans	-	-	-	35.50
Peoria	-	-	-	36.75
Pittsburg	-	-	-	47.00
Memphis	-	-	-	36.70
Bloomington	-	-	-	36.75
St. Paul	-	-	-	36.75
Minneapolis	-	-	-	36.75
Chicago	-	-	-	38.50
New York	-	-	-	58.00

Many more from other points on application. Long time limits on tickets and choice of routes. Write to Dept. Ad. 948 Flood Building for literature and details about California and the personally conducted parties coming from Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis New Orleans and Washington.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

SEED GRAIN Australian Wheat
 RED OATS, BARLEY AND RYE.
 Write for quotations.
 DICKINSON & NELSON CO., Stockton, Cal.

YOUR OWN FACE.

Do You Think You Would Recognize It on Another Person?

"How strange it is," said the philosopher, "that the person for whom you care most on earth, the one you see oftenest and who receives your most constant attention is the one whose countenance is least familiar to you." "Who is that?" asked the visitor. "Yourself," said the philosopher. "It is a fact that if people could be duplicated and could meet themselves in the street very few would recognize themselves. We look at ourselves many times during the 365 days of the year. We say our eyes are blue or whatever color they may be, our hair brown, our chin peaked, our forehead high. We know every lineament of our face from constant study and attention, yet when we turn away from the mirror we cannot conjure up a picture of ourselves. We know just how our friends and even acquaintances look. In fancy we can see them sitting so or standing so and their varying expression under different circumstances is clear to us, even though we have not seen them for years. But when it comes to ourselves we cannot even fill in the outline of the picture. We may laugh, we may cry, we may frown, but we do not know how we look while we are doing it. Photographs do not help us. We have never seen ourselves in the flesh. Mirrors and pictures are poor aids when we sit down and try to see ourselves with the mind's eye. That is why people are so deeply interested in anybody who is said to resemble them. Just say to a man, 'I know somebody who looks for all the world like you,' and he will never rest until he sees that person. Then if the likeness is really true he will own that up to that time he had no conception of how he really looked." The visitor smiled wanly. "I wish you wouldn't talk like that," she said. "It makes me feel so uncanny. I am almost afraid of myself."

WHEN FIRE BREAKS OUT.

Keep Cool and Remember and Follow These Instructions.

In case of fire, if the burning articles are at once splashed and sprayed with a solution of salt and nitrate of ammonia an incombustible coating is formed. This is a preparation which can be made at home at a trifling cost and should be kept on hand. Dissolve twenty pounds of common salt and ten pounds of nitrate of ammonia in seven gallons of water. Pour this into quart bottles of thin glass and fire grenades are at hand ready for use. These bottles must be tightly corked and sealed to prevent evaporation, and in case of fire they must be thrown near the flames, so as to break and liberate the gas contained. At least two dozen of these bottles should be ready for an emergency.

In this connection it is well to remember that water on burning oil scatters the flames, but that flour will extinguish it. Salt thrown upon a fire if the chimney is burning will help to deaden the blaze. If a fire once gets under headway and prompt exit becomes a necessity, a silk handkerchief dipped in water and wrapped about the mouth and nostrils will prevent suffocation from smoke; falling this, a piece of wet flannel will answer.

Should smoke fill the room, recall your physics—remember that smoke goes first to the top of the room and last to the floor. Wrap a blanket or woolen garment about you, with the wet cloth over your face, drop on your hands and knees and crawl to the window. Bear in mind that there is no more danger in getting down from a three story window than from the first floor if you keep a firm hold of the rope or ladder. Do not slide, but go hand over hand.—New York Tribune.

Strictly Fresh Eggs.

There are summer resorts, remote from any agricultural communities, where fresh farm products are even harder to obtain than in the city. It was at such a place that the new boarder, who had eaten four or five breakfasts there, began to wonder why the eggs were invariably served fried.

"See here," he inquired one morning of the genial colored man who waited upon him, "why do you always fry eggs here? Don't you ever boil them?" "Oh, oh, yes, sah!" responded the waiter pleasantly. "Of co'se yo' kin have 'em boiled if yo' wants 'em, but yo' know, sah, yo' takes de risk!"—New York Times.

The Plumber's Derby.

The compassionate citizen remarked to his plumber: "Gus, if I were a plumber and had to crawl into small nooks and corners, as you do, I'd wear a soft hat or cap. Why, your derby is full of dents." Gus replied: "I'd be a fool to wear a soft hat. This derby hat saved my head many a hard knock from pipes and beams. See, I have it packed with crumpled newspapers, which give me both inspiration and immunity."—New York Press.

A Haughty Reply.

A story about William Pitt I read or heard somewhere many years ago represented a noble mediocrity as assuring the great statesman with some condescension that he might fairly expect an earldom for his magnificent services.

"I an earl!" was the haughty reply. "I make dukes."—St. James' Gazette.

Exceptional.

"Is he really a good violinist?" "Yes, and an exceedingly remarkable one."

"In what respect?" "His instrument is not 'a genuine Stradivarius.'"—Philadelphia Press.

OFFICIAL MAP

—OF—

Amador County

veys by D. C. CARLTON, showing township and school district boundaries, ownership of all lands according to assessment roll of 1904, mineral claims, canals, location of all school houses; also a townsite map of principal towns, namely Jackson, Sutter Creek, Ione, Amador City, Drytown, Plymouth and Volcano.

Size 6 by 3½ feet.

Price, colored & mounted \$10

Plain and unmounted - \$5

Sold only at

AMADOR LEDGER OFFICE

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Dyeing and Cleaning Dress Goods.

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Sacramento

Is Your Property For Sale?

We are constantly receiving inquiries from all parts of the United States for Farms, Vineyards and Country and City Homes on the Pacific Coast. If your property is for sale we shall be glad to place it on our list, and put you in direct correspondence with a large number of possible buyers. Address, TOWN & COUNTRY JOURNAL PUB. CO., 230 JACKSON ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL

VOLCANO, AMADOR CO., CAL.

L. H. Cook, Proprietor.

Refitted and renovated throughout. Best of accommodation for commercial travelers. Table supplied with best in market. Terms reasonable. jne

Globe Hotel

NEW MANAGEMENT.

MRS. ANNIE HURST.... Prop'r

Board and Lodging

AT REASONABLE RATES.

Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.

All Stages stop at this hotel.

JACKSON.....CAL.

NEW National * Hotel

Jackson, Amador county, Cal.

F. A. VOORHEIS, Proprietor

Stage Office for all Points

Lighted by electricity throughout

Commodious Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers. au18

J. A. Vanderpool

THE HARNESS MAN Plymouth, Cal.

Has on hand a full line of Harness and Hardest Fixtures, Saddles, Brides and Robes. Buggies an Carriage tops made to order.

Also has on hand a line of that well known and thoroughly tried BAKER & HAMILTON buggies.

Amador County Descriptive Article

Amador county comprises an area of 18 square miles. It lies on the western slope of Sierra Nevada mountains, and embraces within its territory all the diversity of valley, foothill, and high mountainous lands.

Climate.—The climate of the popular portions of the county is as genial and healthful as can be found anywhere in California. As climate is one of the most valuable assets of this favored state in attracting population, Amador stands second to no county in this regard. It should, and no doubt will in time, when its climatic advantages are more thoroughly understood and appreciated, become a health resort not only for the residents of other parts of California, but for the residents of the entire portion rarely falls below 30 degrees above zero in winter, and as rarely rises to 100 degrees in the summer. Snow seldom falls in the settled districts, and never remains on the entire Sierra Nevada range. The summer season is always accompanied with cool nights; permitting of sound, refreshing slumber. Fogs are rare, cyclones are unknown, thunderstorms are frequent.

Gold Mining.—The county, although rich in other sources of wealth, comparatively untouched, is noted principally for her quartz mines. The deepest gold mines in America are located here. The Kennedy mine is now working gold in liberal quantities from quartz extracted from a depth of over 1000 feet below the surface, with every indication that the pay-ore extends to much greater depth. Since the discovery of gold, the county has contributed fully \$100,000,000 to the world's supply of the precious metal. The mines are still yielding at the rate of about two million dollars annually. Nearly all of this wealth is produced by light or ten mines operating on what is called the "mother lode," stretching clear across the county in a north-easterly direction a distance of twenty miles. The mines aggregate between 100 and 500 stamps, and furnish employment for over 1000 miners. This industry is still in its infancy. The unexplored territory, even along the main gold belt, is far in excess of the ground that has actually been worked or prospected. The county offers to-day one of the most inviting fields to be found anywhere in the world for the investment of capital in the fascinating business of gold mining, not alone along the mother lode, but also in the almost untouched mineralized country of the east belt, some ten or twelve miles from the main lode.

Besides gold, we have copper, deposits of pottery, coal, marble, slate, limestone, granite, and soapstone or alabaster—all undeveloped.

Agricultural Capabilities.—The agricultural possibilities equal, if not excel, the mineral riches. The valley lands will produce anything that can be grown in the most favored sections. In the foothill lands all kinds of deciduous fruits thrive; also all kinds of vegetable are raised where irrigation is practicable along the numerous water courses. Further up in the mountains, at an altitude of 2000 to 2500 feet, the soil is admirably adapted for apples and potatoes. A ready market for many times the quantity now raised of these commodities can be found in the various mining towns.

Grape culture and winemaking are becoming important industries, both the grapes and wine commanding a better price than the product of the lowland.

Land is cheap compared with other California lands. Improved farms may be secured for one-fourth the price current in some places. Unimproved lands can be had from \$5 to \$10 per acre. It does not require a fortune to buy a small ranch. There is room for large addition to our agricultural population. Vast tracts now devoted to cattle ranges might be made the homes of hundreds of prosperous farmers.

Amador has a population of less than 2000. Three fourths of this is concentrated in a strip of three miles above and below the mineral belt.

Jackson, the county seat, has about 2500 inhabitants, and is an incorporated city of the sixth class. Other towns are Sutter Creek, Amador City, Dryden, Plymouth, Volcano, Pine Grove and Oleta. Ione City is the metropolis of the valley section, a thriving town of 1000 inhabitants.

The community is law-abiding. Educational facilities are excellent. A schoolhouse is within easy reach of nearly every family. There is one high school, located at Ione.

The assessment roll for 1907 is \$5,000,793, and the tax rate for both state and county purposes \$2 on the \$100.

The Southern Pacific has a branch railroad running to Ione. From this point the Ione and Eastern railroad extends 14 miles further to the mining section.

The various religious denominations and fraternal organizations are well represented.

The power plant of the Standard Electric Co.—one of the largest in the world—located four miles from Jackson.

A WAY TO REDUCE LOCAL TAXATION

Editor Ledger:—

My attention has been called to a well written editorial in your issue of August 28th entitled "The State Tax Rate." You are looking for a change in the laws which would speedily bring about a reduction in your county tax rate. Such a measure is now before you to be voted upon at the coming election. I refer to the proposed Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 1, placed before the people of California by an almost unanimous vote of the legislature in 1907. This amendment, if adopted, will eliminate entirely the state rate from the counties. I say therefore, if you are looking for some measure which will reduce your county rate, and a good heavy reduction too, urge upon your people to vote for the proposed amendment.

Its provisions, in brief, are to separate and divorce the state revenues from those of the counties, and give the counties "homerule" in all matters of taxation. The measure proposes that the state shall tax for the support of the state government the so-called "public service corporations," such as railroads, including street railroads, telegraph and telephone lines, express companies, power light and heat companies, insurance companies, banks (excepting real estate), etc., and leave all other property—real, personal, and mixed—to be assessed and taxed by the counties for their support. Under such law you can assess your property at its "actual cash value" and thus have an extremely low tax rate; and the beauty of it is that every dollar you raise will be spent in your county, the state asking none of it. Further, much complaint is made that the corporations are "running the politics" of the state. Adopt the amendment and there will be no excuse for the corporations to interfere with the political situation, particularly so far as taxation is concerned.

Respectfully,
T. M. EBY,
Secretary, State Board of Equalization.

Sacramento, Sept. 3, 1908.

The Assemblyman

Nomination

At the eleventh assembly district convention held in Oakland on Friday of last week, no nomination was made, owing to the delegates from Amador and Calaveras counties not clearly understanding the position of Edward Moore of Copperopolis, who was the candidate seeking the nomination.

On Sunday previous to the convention Moore stated to the delegates from this district that he was a candidate; he further stated that he had received the endorsement of the Amador delegation. This statement was satisfactory to the delegates here, as it is considered that this county should furnish the nominee.

When the delegates met in Oakland, Mr. Moore was named for the office. Then it was found that the Amador delegation had not endorsed him for the office, but that it was emphatically against him and would not have anything to do with his candidacy. In order to straighten out the matter a telegram was set to Moore, telling him to come to Oakland in order to explain the statements made by him to the delegates in this town.

Mr. Moore was unable to go to Oakland, so that the present time it is not known what explanation he can make. At a later meeting of the delegates it was decided that under the circumstances the best thing to do was to pass the matter up to the county conventions of both Calaveras and Amador counties and let the delegates decide who should be the nominee. As both counties hold their conventions on the 19th, it will no doubt be settled then who will be the nominee. At this time, however, the race is open to any one who is ready to get out and make the fight.

—Angels Record.

(The matter has been differently reported in this county. It is said that a split occurred in the Calaveras delegation, owing to rival factions, and that in consequence of the Calaveras delegates not being united, the matter was postponed until the 19th, when the district delegates are to meet in convention at Mokelumne Hill. Why the 19th was selected we are not in a position to say, as the republican convention of Calaveras and Amador counties are to be held that day. The Calaveras delegates were in sufficient strength to nominate any man they desired at the convention in Oakland, provided they were united. However, if Calaveras cannot decide upon a suitable candidate, Amador county will no doubt be able to furnish one.—Ed. Ledger.)

Ledger and Chicago Weekly Inter-Ocean, both papers for one year \$2.50 in advance.

NOTICE TO VOTERS.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the State of California that the following Acts will be submitted to the people of the State of California for their ratification at the next general election to be held on the third day of November, A. D. 1908, to wit:

SENATE BILL NO. 481.

Passed the Senate February 23, A. D. 1907. Laid on the table, November 22, A. D. 1907. Passed the Assembly March 4, A. D. 1907. Clio Lloyd, Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

This Bill was received by the Governor, this 10th day of March, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock, a. m. E. C. Cooper, Private Secretary of the Governor.

CHAPTER 481. An Act to provide for the issuance and sale of state bonds to create a fund for the construction by the board of state harbor commissioners of wharves, piers, seawall, state railroad, spurs and appurtenances in the city and county of San Francisco; to create a sinking fund for the payment of said bonds; and to provide for the submission of this act to a vote of the people.

The people of the State of California, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. For the purpose of providing a fund for the payment of the indebtedness authorized to be incurred by the board of state harbor commissioners for the erection of wharves, piers, seawall, state railroad, spurs and appurtenances in the city and county of San Francisco, at a cost not to exceed two million dollars (which said wharves, piers, seawall, state railroad, spurs and appurtenances shall be hereinafter referred to as the "public service corporations"), the state treasurer is hereby empowered to construct in the manner authorized by law, and at a cost not to exceed said two million dollars, the state treasurer is hereby authorized to issue and sell in the manner provided in this act, bonds of the state of California, in the denomination of one thousand dollars each. The whole issue of said bonds shall not exceed the sum of two million dollars, and said bonds shall bear interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, from the time of sale of said bonds, and shall be payable in gold coin of the present standard value, and they shall be payable at the office of the state treasurer, at the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale thereof, or, at the option of the state treasurer, to be redeemed by lot as in this act hereinafter provided. Said bonds shall bear date the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and shall be made payable on the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and twenty-eight. The interest accruing on such said bonds as are sold, shall be due and payable at the office of the state treasurer on the second day of January, of each year, of each year after the sale of the same; provided that the first payment of interest shall be made on the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and thereafter on the second day of January, of each year, until the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale of said bonds, all bonds sold shall cease to bear interest as in this act provided, and the said state treasurer shall call in, forthwith pay and cancel the same, and the moneys in any said bonds sold shall be used for the purpose of redeeming by lot such bonds as may have been theretofore sold. At the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale of said bonds, all bonds sold shall cease to bear interest as in this act provided, and the said state treasurer shall call in, forthwith pay and cancel the same, and the moneys in any said bonds sold shall be used for the purpose of redeeming by lot such bonds as may have been theretofore sold. At the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale of said bonds, all bonds sold shall cease to bear interest as in this act provided, and the said state treasurer shall call in, forthwith pay and cancel the same, and the moneys in any said bonds sold shall be used for the purpose of redeeming by lot such bonds as may have been theretofore sold.

SECTION 2. Interest coupons shall be attached to each of said bonds, and such coupons may be removed without injury to or mutilation of the bond. Said coupons shall be consecutively numbered, and shall be signed by the state treasurer. But no interest on any said bonds shall be paid for any time which may intervene between the date of any said bonds and the issue and sale thereof to a purchaser.

SECTION 3. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the expense that may be incurred by the state treasurer in having said bonds prepared. Said amount shall be paid out of the San Francisco harbor improvement fund on controller's warrants, duly drawn for that purpose.

SECTION 4. When the bonds authorized to be issued under this act shall be duly executed, they shall be by the state treasurer sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash. The proceeds of the sale of such bonds shall be paid over to the state treasurer, and he shall be authorized to use the same for the acquisition by the board of state harbor commissioners of a necessary area for a tidal basin for wharves, piers, seawall, state railroad, spurs and appurtenances in the city and county of San Francisco; to create a sinking fund for the payment of said bonds; and defining the duties of state officers in relation thereto; making an appropriation of one thousand dollars for the expense of printing said bonds; and providing for the submission of this act to a vote of the people.

SECTION 5. For the purpose of providing a fund for the payment of the indebtedness authorized to be incurred by the board of state harbor commissioners for the acquisition of the necessary area for a tidal basin extending the area of India basin on the water front of the city and county of San Francisco, drafts shall be drawn by the state treasurer, and they shall be payable in gold coin of the present standard value, and they shall be payable at the office of the state treasurer, at the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale thereof, or, at the option of the state treasurer, to be redeemed by lot as in this act hereinafter provided. Said bonds shall bear date the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and shall be made payable on the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and twenty-eight. The interest accruing on such said bonds as are sold, shall be due and payable at the office of the state treasurer on the second day of January, of each year, of each year after the sale of the same; provided that the first payment of interest shall be made on the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and thereafter on the second day of January, of each year, until the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale of said bonds, all bonds sold shall cease to bear interest as in this act provided, and the said state treasurer shall call in, forthwith pay and cancel the same, and the moneys in any said bonds sold shall be used for the purpose of redeeming by lot such bonds as may have been theretofore sold.

SECTION 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the expense that may be incurred by the state treasurer in having said bonds prepared. Said amount shall be paid out of the San Francisco harbor improvement fund on controller's warrants, duly drawn for that purpose.

SECTION 7. This act shall be submitted to the people of the State of California for their ratification at the next general election to be held in the month of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and all ballots at said election shall be printed thereon and at the end thereof, the words, "For the India Basin Act," and in a separate line under the same words, "Against the India Basin Act," shall be left spaces in which the voters may make or stamp a cross to indicate whether they vote for or against the said act, and those voting for said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "For the India Basin Act," and those voting against the said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "Against the India Basin Act." The governor of this state shall include the submission of this act to a vote of the people, in his proclamation calling for said general election.

SECTION 8. The votes cast for or against this act shall be counted, returned and canvassed and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for state officers; and if it appear that said act shall have received a majority of all the votes cast for or against it at said election as aforesaid, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and the same shall be irrevocable until the principal and interest of the liabilities hereby created shall be paid and discharged, and the governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes cast as aforesaid are against this act then the same shall be and become void.

SECTION 9. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to have this act published in at least one newspaper in each county, or city and county, if one be published therein, for three months next preceding the general election to be held in the month of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, the costs of publication shall be paid out of the San Francisco harbor improvement fund, on controller's warrants duly drawn for that purpose.

SECTION 10. This act may be known and cited as the "Second San Francisco Seawall Act."

SECTION 11. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

W. R. PORTER,
President of the Senate.
R. L. BEARDSLEE,
Speaker of the Assembly.

Approved March 21st day of March, A. D. 1907. J. N. GILLET, Governor.
C. F. CURRY, Secretary of State.

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If any there be, shall forthwith be paid into the San Francisco harbor improvement fund. At the time of the respective drawings by lot, as aforesaid, and at the maturity of said state bonds, said treasurer shall sell the United States or other bonds then in said sinking fund, at governing market rates, after advertising for the sale of said bonds in the manner hereinbefore provided for the sale of bonds hereinafter authorized to be issued, and shall use the proceeds for the payment of such bonds as may be drawn by lot.

SECTION 12. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

SECTION 13. This act shall be submitted to the people of the State of California for their ratification at the next general election to be held in the month of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and all ballots at said election shall be printed thereon and at the end thereof, the words, "For the India Basin Act," and in a separate line under the same words, "Against the India Basin Act," shall be left spaces in which the voters may make or stamp a cross to indicate whether they vote for or against the said act, and those voting for said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "For the India Basin Act," and those voting against the said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "Against the India Basin Act." The governor of this state shall include the submission of this act to a vote of the people, in his proclamation calling for said general election.

SECTION 14. The votes cast for or against this act shall be counted, returned and canvassed and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for state officers; and if it appear that said act shall have received a majority of all the votes cast for or against it at said election as aforesaid, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and the same shall be irrevocable until the principal and interest of the liabilities hereby created shall be paid and discharged, and the governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes cast as aforesaid are against this act then the same shall be and become void.

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be endorsed by the state treasurer, and each shall have the seal of the state stamped thereon. Each bond shall contain a clause that it shall be subject to redemption by lot after the year nineteen hundred and eighteen.

SECTION 2. Interest coupons shall be attached to each of said bonds, so that such coupons may be removed without injury to or mutilation of the bond. Said coupons shall be consecutively numbered, and shall be signed by the state treasurer. But no interest on any said bonds shall be paid for any time which may intervene between the date of any said bonds and the issue and sale thereof to a purchaser.

SECTION 3. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the expense that may be incurred by the state treasurer in having said bonds prepared. Said amount shall be paid out of the San Francisco harbor improvement fund on controller's warrants, duly drawn for that purpose.

SECTION 4. When the bonds authorized to be issued under this act shall be duly executed, they shall be by the state treasurer sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash. In such parcels and numbers as said treasurer shall be directed by the governor, or the governor, or the attorney general, or a committee of either branch of the legislature, or a joint committee of both, or any citizen of the state.

SECTION 5. For the purpose of providing a fund for the payment of the indebtedness authorized to be incurred by the board of state harbor commissioners for the acquisition of the necessary area for a tidal basin extending the area of India basin on the water front of the city and county of San Francisco, drafts shall be drawn by the state treasurer, and they shall be payable in gold coin of the present standard value, and they shall be payable at the office of the state treasurer, at the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale thereof, or, at the option of the state treasurer, to be redeemed by lot as in this act hereinafter provided. Said bonds shall bear date the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and shall be made payable on the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and twenty-eight. The interest accruing on such said bonds as are sold, shall be due and payable at the office of the state treasurer on the second day of January, of each year, of each year after the sale of the same; provided that the first payment of interest shall be made on the second day of January, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and thereafter on the second day of January, of each year, until the expiration of fifteen years from the date of sale of said bonds, all bonds sold shall cease to bear interest as in this act provided, and the said state treasurer shall call in, forthwith pay and cancel the same, and the moneys in any said bonds sold shall be used for the purpose of redeeming by lot such bonds as may have been theretofore sold.

SECTION 6. The sum of one thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the expense that may be incurred by the state treasurer in having said bonds prepared. Said amount shall be paid out of the San Francisco harbor improvement fund on controller's warrants, duly drawn for that purpose.

SECTION 7. This act shall be submitted to the people of the State of California for their ratification at the next general election to be held in the month of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, and all ballots at said election shall be printed thereon and at the end thereof, the words, "For the India Basin Act," and in a separate line under the same words, "Against the India Basin Act," shall be left spaces in which the voters may make or stamp a cross to indicate whether they vote for or against the said act, and those voting for said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "For the India Basin Act," and those voting against the said act shall do so by placing a cross opposite the words "Against the India Basin Act." The governor of this state shall include the submission of this act to a vote of the people, in his proclamation calling for said general election.

SECTION 8. The votes cast for or against this act shall be counted, returned and canvassed and declared in the same manner and subject to the same rules as votes cast for state officers; and if it appear that said act shall have received a majority of all the votes cast for or against it at said election as aforesaid, then the same shall have effect as hereinbefore provided, and the same shall be irrevocable until the principal and interest of the liabilities hereby created shall be paid and discharged, and the governor shall make proclamation thereof; but if a majority of the votes cast as aforesaid are against this act then the same shall be and become void.

SECTION 9. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state to have this act published in at least one newspaper in each county, or city and county, if one be published therein, for three months next preceding the general election to be held in the month of November, A. D. nineteen hundred and eight, the costs of publication shall be paid out of the San Francisco harbor improvement fund, on controller's warrants duly drawn for that purpose.

SECTION 10. This act may be

FROM OUR
CORRESPONDENTS

Correspondents Wanted

We want a regular correspondent in Amador, Drytown, Plymouth and Volcano. We will send a daily paper free, also stationery supplies and stamps to any one who will act as correspondent in each of the above places. Let us hear from you. We want the news.

MERCHANT OF
GRIZZLY FLAT

Killed by Runaway Team

From our Aukum Correspondent.

Sept. 2.—Joe Lyons, the merchant at Grizzly Flat, was thrown out of a large spring wagon by a runaway team, and received injuries from which he died a week ago today. Mr Lyons, his grandson, 16 years old, and a crippled man by the name of Wrangle, were sitting on the seat, the boy driving. They had reached near the bottom of what is known as the Sly fork grade, when one horse kicked at the other, and went astride of the tongue. One of the horses that had killed old man Baker a few months ago, who was then Lyons' delivery man, was one of the two. He had run away four times, twice doing deadly injury, and twice doing but little. The horse generally was quite gentle, being as tame as any work horse around the country, but when he got acrazy spell he was viciously malignant and frantic. The other horse could have been controlled, but this one meant business to death. When they started to run Lyons was sitting on the side opposite to the brake. He grabbed the lines out of the boy's hand and endeavored to hold them. As he did so the runaway horse sprang off his feet and plunged frantically forward, and with breakneck speed ran down the grade. Lyons, on the spur of the moment, tried to bank the wagon by running on the side of the grade. With fearful velocity one of the front wheels of the wagon struck a granite boulder of several hundred pounds weight, breaking the softer shell of the rock in two and throwing the core into the center of the road. When the wagon struck this, the shock threw Mr Lyons about sixteen feet, he striking on his head. He was rendered unconscious, and he never regained consciousness up to his death on Saturday night last. A gash was cut in his head from his right temple backward behind his ear, which took 26 stitches to close up.

Mr Wrangle had one rib broken, but the boy came out unscathed, with the exception of a few slight bruises.

Mr Lyons was a federal soldier in the war of the rebellion. He was a member of the G. A. R. and was followed to his last resting place at Smith's flat, near Placerville, on Monday last by the few old soldiers that were residents of the vicinity.

Mr Lyons was a man of sterling qualities, and was almost universally liked. He had been a merchant of Grizzly Flat for nearly forty years. His loss will not only be felt by his bereaved family but by the many patrons he had extended aid to more than once. Just prior to his death he had put up a telephone line from Grizzly to Placerville, and was on a mission of construction of that property when he met the fatality on Wednesday. He leaves a wife and three children, two daughters and a son, to mourn his untimely end. May the angels of peace and love soothe the sorrowing ones in their awful bereavement.

Giddy Dick.

AUKUM

Sept. 7.—A shower of rain just to lay the dust Sunday evening, and it left the weather somewhat cooler.

Willis Carter has recovered from the attack of malaria so as to return to El Dorado, where his employment awaits him at Mr Harbin's hotel.

Mrs Dillon was a visitor at Plymouth Saturday last.

Cloice Dillon, Ed. and Frank Brumfield, Louie Seely, Lou Dean and Mr Thompson were the hunting party that was on the river near the old J. N. McNaughton place Sunday, but with poor success. They failed to drag in their deer they had been picturing in their mind the past week.

Newton Perry and family, Dr. Saunders and wife, Milt Votaw, E. McClary and family have all returned home from their long ride and summer outing to Westworth Springs, Keno, Lake Tahoe and down the ridge by Farnham's.

Laura Warren and Flora Goffinet killed a large rattlesnake with seven rattles, and several were bruised in killing it. The girls discovered the snake on their way home from school.

Mrs Harp White and daughter, Irene Taylor, returned home from Placerville, where Mrs White went for dental work.

W. A. L.

Ledger & Chicago Inter-Ocean, \$20

IONE.

Sept. 10.—Miss Amanda Leste of San Francisco, is the guest of the M. B. Tregaskis family for a couple of weeks.

Mrs Leary and son George, who have been visiting friends in this section for some time, returned to their Sacramento home today.

The ball given by the Native Sons in the lone pavilion last night was a grand success, and every one who was present report having had a good time.

Mrs Jas. M. McDonald and daughters were called to Jackson Wednesday on account of the death of the former's brother, Mr Kelley.

A shower is threatened here today, which will be gladly received by the inhabitants of this vicinity, if it only succeeds in laying the dust.

Mrs I. Smith, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs Bass for a couple of months, started for her eastern home Thursday morning.

Mrs Agnes Bryson returned from the city Wednesday evening with a full supply of winter millinery, and will hold her opening days in a couple of weeks.

Miss Lottie Braddy departed Wednesday morning for Los Angeles, where she will teach the coming winter.

SUTTER CREEK.

Sept. 10.—Miss Vesta Ross left Saturday morning for an indefinite visit in Sacramento and San Francisco.

Johnie Levaggi went to Berkeley Saturday for a visit to his sisters, and will also remain and seek employment if possible.

Maurice Finn left Saturday morning for San Francisco, where he will work in the law office of Samuel Shortridge.

Miss Kate Sorocco came up Saturday night from San Francisco, to spend a couple of weeks' vacation with her parents and family.

Mrs Angeline Harris, who came up from Sacramento to attend the funeral of her father, Frank Ledoux, returned home Thursday the 3rd inst.

Mrs Gertrude Downs, Mrs W. E. Downs and two children, and Miss Florence Odgers returned home from an extended stay in Santa Cruz last Friday night.

Pioneer flour is the best; have no other.

CLIPPED FROM EXCHANGES.

From Placerville Republican.
Lawrence Burke and party of Plymouth returned from a hunting trip in the mountains and left some version among some of his friends in Placerville this week.

Surveyors from Angels Camp have been running all through Amador and El Dorado counties surveying ditches for Hobart, Hayward & Lane Mining Co.

The Placerville base ball team defeated the Amadors at the Park last Sunday with a score of 9 to 0. The "whitewash" was not expected as Amador has previously made very good records.

Clinton Weybright, a young man about thirty years of age, died at Caidor last Thursday, after a long illness from consumption. He was a nephew of J. C. Weybright who lives near Somerset House and was married to a daughter of the late James Barney, whose home was southwest of Caidor.

A marriage license was issued Tuesday to Calvin Alexander Tauson and Lillian Doratha Barney both of Plymouth, Amador county.

The Farmer's Wife

Is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweeten it. She knows that if her churn is sour it will taint the butter that is made in it. The stomach is a churn. In the stomach and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are almost exactly like the churning of butter. Is it not apparent then that if this stomach-churn is foul it makes foul all which is put into it?

The evil of a foul stomach is not alone the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of blood and the dissemination of disease throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the sour and foul stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn—absolutely removes every taint or corrupting element. In this way it cures blotches, pimples, eruptions, scrofulous swellings, sores, or open eating ulcers and all humors or diseases arising from bad blood.

If you have bitter, nasty, foul taste in your mouth, coated tongue, foul breath, are weak and easily tired, feel depressed and despondent, have frequent headaches, dizzy attacks, gnawing or distress in stomach, constipated or irregular bowels, sour or bitter risings after eating and poor appetite, these symptoms, or any considerable number of them, indicate that you are suffering from biliousness, torpid or lazy liver, with the usual accompanying indigestion, or dyspepsia and their attendant derangements.

The best agents known to medical science for the cure of the above symptoms and conditions, as attested by the writings of leading teachers and practitioners of all the several schools of medical practice, have been skillfully and harmoniously combined in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That this is absolutely true will be readily proven to your satisfaction if you will but mail a postal card request to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free copy of his booklet of extracts from the standard medical authorities, giving the names of all the ingredients entering into his world-famed medicines and showing what the most eminent medical men of the age say of them.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

A Local Affair, Successful Carried Out.

Jackson Miners' Union No. 115 W. F. M. gave their sixth annual celebration of labor day on Monday last in Jackson. This celebration was for several years held in Fullen's Grove, between Jackson and Sutter Creek, but this arrangement threw the whole of the expense upon the union, as it was found next to impossible to raise funds by subscription for a picnic out of town. So it was discontinued, and the idea of a home celebration in Jackson was substituted in its place, the business men of the city subscribing money for this plan.

It was not anticipated that there would be a large number from the outside, but the turn-out from Jackson and its immediate vicinity was ample to make a big showing on the streets.

Proceedings were inaugurated at half past nine o'clock by a grand parade of the members of Jackson union, starting from the Union hall on Court street, and marching through Main street and Broadway. The procession was headed by the Jackson Military Band, togged out in their new red uniforms, presenting a very neat appearance. There were between 140 and 150 members of the union in the procession, most of them being Slavonians and Italians, with a sprinkling of Cornish miners and American born citizens. The parade was marshaled by James Madder, assisted by S. T. Harris.

The procession was finally brought to a halt in front of the Dispatch office, where the literary exercises were conducted from the second story porch. H. Griggs as president of the day, made a brief and appropriate opening address, followed by an invocation by the chaplain, Rev. T. H. Nicholas. Hon. R. C. Rust delivered the oration, dwelling upon labor themes and the benefits of labor organizations. The band enlivened the exercises with selections.

Afternoon Sports.
The amusement program in the afternoon was witnessed by a large throng, each side of Main street being crowded with spectators. The events were as follows:

Drilling Contest.—The drilling contest which was in progress for an hour or more near the bridge on north Main street, attracted a large crowd. Three teams competed, all made up of Austrian miners. It was for union men in good standing only, who were required to put up an entrance fee of \$5; down hole hammers not to exceed 8 pounds, 7-8 steel, no swedgebacks. The first prize \$75 was won by Matt Thomas and Pete Vasiliovich, who drilled 31½ inches in 15 minutes. The second prize, \$25, fell to John and Peter Millovich, cousins, who drilled 29 inches.

Horse race on Broadway.—Five or six flyers were entered, including the horse of Green and Ratto which made the winning at lone the week before. The horse owned by John Vicini of Sutter Creek, ridden by Tuttle, won easily, with fully a couple of lengths to spare. R. J. Schneebly's horse, ridden by the owner, came in second. It was a poor start, and there was considerable dissatisfaction expressed on account of the way the animals got off. Green and Ratto's horse was last, whether held back on account of a hopeless start we do not know. The winner received \$25, second prize \$15, with an entrance fee of \$2.50.

Mens' foot race—Won by Nick Quiroto, prize \$7.50; T. J. Burrows second prize, \$3.50.

Girls' race, under 14 years—First prize, \$1.50, Violet Leam; second prize \$1, Mildred Oliver.

Boys' race, under 14 years—Lorenzo Oneto and Leon Schwartz tied, and divided the money \$2.50.

Old men's race, free for all of sixty years or over—Three started. D. F. See of the county hospital doffed his boots for the occasion, and notwithstanding his years and weak appearance, sprinted like a trained athlete, winning the first place, W D Hatch second. The prize money was divided \$3, to the first, and \$2 to second.

Donkey race, change saddles three times—This created lots of fun. John Love came in first, and received \$3.50; Chris Savich was in second, but it was claimed that he did not complete the course, and was disqualified; the second prize went to Joe Murphy, \$2.

Donkey race, change riders, last donkey wins—Won by Caneo, \$3.50, Savich second \$2.

Bicycle race for men—Three started Won by Harold LeMoin, prize \$5. In this race D. Oneto, the second man to pass the line ran into a man that was trying to cross the street in front of him, just after passing the winning line. The stranger was apparently not hurt, and got up immediately; both the bicycle rider and foot passenger received a severe jolt.

Bicycle race for boys—Three entered, H Leam, Goss and Lessly Love. It was claimed that Love was

run into by Goss, and put out of the race. Leam came in first, prizes \$3 and \$2.

Standing jump—\$5 won by Lessly Love who cleared 8 feet 5½ inches.

Running jump—Won by T. J. Burrows, clearing 14 feet 11 inches, \$5.

Pole vaulting—Four entered, L. Giovannoni cleared the bar at about 8 feet, and won the \$5.

This concluded the afternoon amusements. Everything passed off very quietly and pleasantly. In the evening a grand ball in Love's hall wound up the day's pleasures. It was largely attended. A hitch occurred in regard to the hall, as the moving picture show was kept up until the last moment, interfering with the arrangements for the dance, and causing some friction. Dancing was continued until far into the early hours of the morning. H. Griggs was floor director; with J. Piccardo, Ralph Kugne and E. Datson as managers.

The financial outcome was flattering. About 70 tickets were disposed of for the dance, realizing \$105. This was better than was calculated and leaves a small balance after paying all expenses.

Republican Primaries Tomorrow.

Primaries to elect delegates to the republican county convention will be held in all Jackson precincts tomorrow evening, between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock. Polls for all city precincts at Garbarini's machine shop.

By order,

A. M. GALL,
Secretary Rep. C. C. Com.

Old Volcano Resident Passes Away

September 3d, Jonathan Boomer-shine died in Volcano, aged 73 years. The fatal malady was softening of the brain causing great suffering for a year. He was born in Benton, Elkart county, Indiana, and was well liked by all who knew him. He was buried Sept. 4th in Volcano by Rev. E. U. Brun, of the Episcopal church. The funeral was well attended by friends who wanted to pay their last respects to the deceased and family. He leave: a wife and daughter, the latter married Mr Grillo, a merchant of Volcano, to mourn his loss.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

MARRIED.

BENEDICTI-RIZZI—In Jackson, September 4, 1908, by Alfred Goldner, Justice of the Peace, Felice Beneditti to Miss Adeline M. Rizzi, both of Sutter Creek.

GALLAGHER-LEMOIN—In Jackson, September 9, 1908, by Rev. Father Kennedy, Martin F. Gallagher of Electra, to Miss Ethel G. Lemoine of Jackson.

DIED.

KELLEY—In Jackson, September 8, 1908, John T. Kelley, a native of California, aged 41 years.

ROBERTSON.—In Stockton, Cal., September 7, 1908, Lucy, widow of the late Dr. E. B. Robertson, dearly beloved mother of Mrs C. A. Herick, Mrs A. M. Galf and the late Mrs T. T. Crittenden, and grandmother of Robert Robertson, a native of New York, aged 74 years and 5 months.

Hoppity Hop.

Are you just barely getting around by the aid of crutches or a cane? Unless you have lost a limb or have a deformity - if your trouble is rheumatism, lumbago, sprain, stiff joints, or anything of like nature use Ballard's Snow Liniment and in no time you can throw away your crutches and be as well as anyone. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Ruhser's City Pharmacy.

A Mere Pittance.

Mrs. Nurich—I told Widow Downes to send her boy to you and you'd give him a position. Mr. Nurich—Well, I didn't give him no position. He came with a note from her, an' she said in the note, "I must find employment for my boy, even if he works for a mere pittance." The nerve of her callin' me "a mere pittance!"—Philadelphia Press.

A Dry Joke.

"Will you take something to drink?" "With pleasure."

The photo was taken, and the sitter said:

"But what about that little invitation?"

"Oh, sir, that is just a trade ruse of mine to give a natural and interested expression to the face."—Tit-Bits.

In the Wrong Shop.

Mrs. Newlywed—I want to buy a steak. Lumberman—Hickory, oak or ash? Mrs. Newlywed—Porterhouse. Lumberman—You'll find that in the butcher shop. This is a lumber yard.—Judge.

Frugality is a fair fortune and habits of industry a good estate.—Franklin.

Political Announcements.

E. G. AMICK

Hereby announces himself a candidate for

ASSEMBLYMAN

For Eleventh Assembly District, comprising Amador, Calaveras, Alpine and Mono counties, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention.

Notice
To Taxpayers.

Office of City Tax-Collector, City of Jackson, County of Amador, State of California.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers of the city of Jackson, that J. George M. Huberty, City Tax Collector of the city of Jackson, did on the 10th day of September, 1908, receive from the City Clerk and ex-officio Assessor of the said city of Jackson, the original assessment book for the year 1908, containing a list of the persons assessed for real and personal property and the amount of city taxes due thereon for said year.

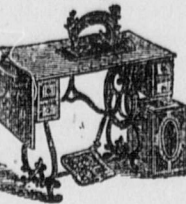
That the whole of said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereon may be made to me, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 6 p. m., at my office in the Marelia building, on Court street, in the city of Jackson, California.

That said taxes will be delinquent on the first Thursday of November 1908, at 6 o'clock p. m., and unless paid prior thereto five per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

Taxes not paid according to law will be delinquent, and five per cent and other costs will be added thereto.

GEORGE M. HUBERTY,
Tax Collector of the city of Jackson,
Dated September 10, 1908.

Absolutely the lightest-running lock-stick Sewing Machine



The SINGER
"Sixty-Six."

The latest result of fifty years' experience in making Sewing machines for family use.

Machines sold on easy terms.

A. W. STONE, Agent

aug28

JACKSON, CAL.

HODSON

✽ The Photographer ✽

ENLARGED PICTURES

PHOTOS

214 S San Joaquin st.

STOCKTON

813 K st

SACRAMENTO

1250 Clay st

OAKLAND

BANKING
BY MAIL

The Stockton Savings and Loan Society with resources of \$1,000,000.00 offers every facility for doing a banking business by mail. Checks taken payable in any part of the United States. Our system of banking by mail practically brings this great bank to your door. To open an account with us, place the amount you wish to start within an envelope addressed to us and by return mail you will receive a bank book showing the amount of your deposit. The United States mails are safe and no one ever lost a dollar in this way. We solicit the accounts of farmers, business men and others and assure them courteous and liberal treatment.

Kindly mention this Paper

Send for free Booklet.

STOCKTON SAVINGS

AND LOAN SOCIETY

Stockton, California.

If You Want
Good Health



DRINK NOTHING BUT

Ruhstaller's
"Gilt Edge"
Steam Beer

BEST BEER IN THE WORLD

Made from pure Hops and Malt

SACRAMENTO
CALIFORNIA.

Money

Makes Friends

If you have money you have friends. The friends are not necessarily to be accounted for merely because you have money, but merely because there is implied a character for thrift and systematic business habits. The contact with the people you meet at the bank as well as the strictness of the business methods exacted by it, and its high standard of business ethics, all have an influence in developing business character, a character the people credit you with if you are a bank patron.

Come and do business with us.

Bank of Amador County
Jackson, California.

—GO TO THE—

AMADOR BAKERY

When You Want Fresh BREAD

A. DAL PORTO & CO. PROP'S.

We also keep a large stock of Staple and Fancy
GROCERIES

Our Specialty—Fresh Bread every day except Sunday

DIVIDEND
NOTICE

The People's
Savings Bank

OF SACRAMENTO,

Will Pay 4 and per cent on ordinary deposits and 4½ per cent on Term Deposits, free from taxes, for the term commencing July 1st, 1908, and ending December 31st, 1908.

Paid up capital and reserve \$390,000.00
Assets \$2,350,000.00

WM. BECKMAN, President
A. G. FOLGER, Cashier,

Send for our booklet,
"BANKING BY MAIL."

Electrical Wiring

Of all descriptions

Door and Call bells and

short line Telephones

intalled in any home.

For particulars call

G. M. Voorheis - - Main

Jackson - - - California

SHOEMAKING

V. MAROVICH

located in
L. Radovich's saloon at Main
street bridge.

The best kind of

workmanship and fully

10 percent less than any

one else in town.

A Beautiful Picture

Given Away With Every Box of

KIRO TOOTH POWDER

PRICE - - - - - Twenty-five cents

RUHSER'S CITY PHARMACY.

Jackson, Cal.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL

This table gives the highest and lowest temperature in Jackson for each day, together with the rainfall, as recorded by self-registering instruments kept at the Ledger office:

Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall	Date.	Temp L. H.	Rainfall
Sep. 1, 1908	54 100	.....	Sep. 17	.....	.....
2	56 101	.....	18	.....	.....
3	56 100	.....	19	.....	.....
4	58 98	.....	20	.....	.....
5	60 98	.....	21	.....	.....
6	61 89.02	.....	22	.....	.....
7	58 85	.....	23	.....	.....
8	44 91	.....	24	.....	.....
9	54 87	.....	25	.....	.....
10	58 80	.....	26	.....	.....
11	58 80	.....	27	.....	.....
12	51 81	.....	28	.....	.....
13	.....	.....	29	.....	.....
14	.....	.....	30	.....	.....
15	.....	.....	31	.....	.....
16	.....	.....	

LOCAL NEWS

W. G. Snyder left yesterday morning for San Francisco on business. He will return in a few days.

Miss Julia Ginocchio and Miss Mazie Garbarini have been visiting at Electra for several days this week.

Miss Norma Smith is visiting friends in Amador City, and will return home about the 17th instant.

Miss Louise Guerra returned to San Francisco yesterday, accompanied by her younger sister, Frances.

J. F. Wilson, Dentist, Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Phone—Office, black 444; residence, black 394; Jackson.

R. S. Triggs for several years owner of the shingle mill near Ham's station, but who for the past season has been working at a saw mill in Humboldt county came down from there last Sunday, and is staying with relatives in Sutter Creek. He expects to return to Humboldt county shortly.

John Leonard, justice of the peace at Folsom, has been visiting his sisters, Mrs. Conlon, and the Misses Leonard in this city for the past week.

Mrs. Oscar Myers of Stony Creek, and her two children, left Monday on a visit to her oldest boy, Eugene, who has been employed in the structural iron business in San Francisco for the past year.

Mrs. Mello of Butte, is very seriously ill, with dropsical ailment. She is under treatment at the hands of Dr. Endicott.

WANTED—Pasture for twenty head of cattle, after the grass starts. Address W. H. Frey, Fairplay, El Dorado Co., Calif. Aug. 28-2m

Miss Nellie Driscoll left Wednesday morning for Stockton, intending to remain there indefinitely.

Miss Louisa Guerra of San Francisco, is visiting her mother in this city.

Eunice Going left Wednesday morning for Los Gatos, to resume her studies in the high school there.

C. E. Oler was a passenger on the stage that left Wednesday, bound for San Francisco.

George Courtwright killed a deer in the orchard of Orrie Jones, near Mountain Springs on Monday last. There was a band of three deer in the place at the time feeding on the fat things therein. The animal captured weighed 200 pounds. There were no antlers, but the horns were covered with a peculiar mossy or velvet substance, and were exhibited around town Tuesday as a curiosity.

Buy the best sewing machines made, for sale cheap. Z. T. Justus, Weil Bldg. Jackson.

The gold nugget and stick pin for which chances have been sold, will be disposed of in the usual way at Perovich's boarding house on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 13, at 2 o'clock. Those having tickets are requested to be present.

The Masonic fraternity held a children's festival in their hall last evening. This is specially designed for the entertainment of the children of members, and is held every year. There was a large attendance and the juveniles were regaled with ice cream and cake, and literary exercises in the way of recitations, music, etc. It was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Gallagher—Lemoine Wedding.

The marriage of Martin P. Gallagher and Miss Ethel G. Lemoine was celebrated at an early hour on Wednesday morning, September 9th, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Lemoine. Rev. Father Kennedy officiated. Only near relatives of the contracting parties were present at the ceremony, the only ones from the outside being Mrs. J. Worley and A. L. McWayne of Drytown. Miss Nellie Gritton was bridesmaid and Will Green groomsmen. After partaking of a sumptuous wedding breakfast by the company of fourteen at the cottage of the parents, the bridal party was driven to Martells expecting to take the I. & E. train at that point. But the mishap to the boiler of the engine prevented the train going to lone that morning, so the pair were driven to lone and there took the train for Santa Cruz on a wedding tour of a couple of weeks. Upon their return they will make their home at Electra, where Mr. Gallagher is employed by the Standard Electric Company.

The bride is one of Jackson's most popular young ladies, and the groom is a young man of excellent character with a host of friends. The bride was the recipient of a large number of handsome and useful presents. A nice cottage at Electra has been elaborately furnished for their reception on their return from the wedding trip. The Ledger wishes the couple a long and happy matrimonial life.

Best Treatment for a Burn

If for no other reason, Chamberlain's Salve should be kept in every household on account of its great value in the treatment of burns. It allays the pain almost instantly, and unless the injury is a severe one, heals the parts without leaving a scar. This salve is also unequalled for chapped hands, sore nipples and diseases of the skin. Price 25 cents. For sale by Jackson Drug Store, Spagnoli, prop.

Died of Quick Consumption.

John J. Kelly died at the home of his parents, about one mile north of Jackson, during Tuesday night of quick consumption. He came home from the northern part of the state about a month ago, in a very feeble condition. Two doctors were called in the case, and the disease was pronounced tuberculosis of the rapid character. Little could be done to arrest the progress of the malady and he gradually sank, dying as above stated. He was a native of California, and 41 years of age. Besides a wife and infant child, he leaves his aged parents, two brothers, C. M. Kelly and E. W. Kelly, and four sisters, Mrs. J. Macdonald, of Round Mountain, Nevada; Mrs. J. O'Brien, of Oakland; Mrs. R. L. Huey, of New York, and Mrs. Delahide of Jackson. He was a member of Excelsior parlor, N. S. G. W., under the auspices of which organization the funeral will take place tomorrow morning. The Native Daughters of Ursula parlor are requested to meet at the Odd Fellows hall at 9 o'clock to attend the funeral in a body.

Fine Vegetables.

The vegetable garden connected with the hospital grounds supplies most of the vegetables used by that institution. We were shown this week samples of cucumbers and yellow long necked squashes and the saucer squash grown in that garden in great abundance, attended exclusively by the patients. These were raised from government seeds supplied through the Ledger. They are among the choicest vegetables of that kind we have ever seen produced here, and they are so prolific that they cannot use all the product.

Logan for Best Baby Photo's.

Logan, the premier photographer of Stockton, has won a substantial reputation by his splendid work in photographing the little tots. He has pleased thousands with his work and can certainly please you. Next time you are in Stockton, bring the youngsters along and have them photographed. Every comfort for mother and child in his big up-to-date studio at No. 15 S. San Joaquin street. aug. 7-2t

Unclaimed Letters.

R. S. Anderson p.c., Thos. S. Adams, Ernest Cramer p.c., Selma Giannini, Bertha Laswell p.c., Golub Kovacevich, D. Papi, L. Kotta p.c., Kate Billie.

For Assemblyman.

E. G. Amick announces this week his candidacy for Assemblyman of the eleventh assembly district, subject to the decision of the republican district convention to meet September 19, at Mokelumne Hill. Mr. Amick is a resident of lone, and is known to every one in the valley section as a substantial business man. He is well qualified for the office, and if the nominee is to come from Amador county he is the man for the position.

"Generally debilitated for years. Had sick headaches, lacked ambition, was worn-out and all run-down. Burdock Blood Bitters made me a well woman."—Mrs. Chas. Freitoy Mossup, Coun.

Post Office Money Orders.

As there are grossly exaggerated reports in circulation regarding the amount of money sent to European countries through the post office by aliens employed in the mines here, we have taken the trouble to get the facts concerning the outflow through the Jackson postoffice at least. It must be remembered that there are but two post office in the mother lode towns, where the issuance of international orders is authorized, namely Jackson and Sutter Creek. All money sent to foreign countries through the post office goes from one or other of these offices. Jackson does fully three-fourths of this business, and it is not all from Jackson either, as this is the nearest office for such orders for Camp Seco, Gwin mine and other points outside, the business from which amounts to considerable. The statement that \$19,000 per month or over \$200,000 per year is wide of the mark. Here are the facts, for Jackson office as given by postmaster Duden. For the year ending August 31, 1908, there were issued 1614 international orders, aggregating in amount \$66,471.53. A considerable part of this was for parties at Camp Seco, Gwin Mine, State of Nevada, and Amador City. Parties who had previously worked here and drawn orders on foreign countries through this office continued to apply to this office for money orders, even after finding employment elsewhere. It is safe to say that fully one-third of the above aggregate came from outside requests in this way. At any rate the amount sent away by residents of Jackson and immediate neighborhood would not exceed \$50,000 at the outside or less than \$5,000 per month, instead of \$19,000 or \$20,000 as some would want to make out. For Sutter Creek we have no exact data, but it will amount to less than half the amount from Jackson. Now, during the same period there were issued from the Jackson office 4468 domestic money orders, amounting to a total sum of \$62241.33; and there was paid out for domestic orders on this post office the sum of \$50,800. The domestic business shows that we sent away to other points in the United States something less than \$1000 per month more than we received from domestic sources.

While the amount of money exported by the alien employees of the mines is considerable, it cuts nothing like the figure that has been generally supposed. Of course it would be better all round to have men of families here instead; to circulate the money to a greater extent through local business channels. The non-speaking element is a incubus, a drag upon our resources, but beyond the amount sent to their native countries there are comparatively few who hoard up their savings. As a rule they live up to their income.

Looking After the National.

Chas. Shields was in Jackson Wednesday. He was formerly in the saloon and hall business in Plymouth, but left there a year ago for Monterey county, where he has been engaged in the grocery business in a small village called Oak Grove, a few miles from Del Monte. He left his wife to look after the store there, and his mission is to look up another business location. He is not so favorably impressed with Monterey as a point of business for men of limited means. It is reported that he is contemplating buying the interest of Mrs. Voorheis in the National hotel if satisfactory terms can be arranged.

CITY TRUSTEES.

An adjourned meeting of the board of trustees of the city of Jackson, was held last evening. All members present except Tam.

Pacific Gas and Electric Co. asked to have last month's bill withdrawn. Request granted by unanimous vote.

Application of Henry W. Chapman for a permit to retail liquors at the Olympus saloon read. On motion license of Mike Delich was revoked, and application of Henry W. Chapman was granted.

Ordinance No. 43 in relation to liquor license came up for reading and Mr. Caminetti presented another petition to be annexed to the present petition on file and asked to have same filed, granted. F. Rocco, H. E. Kay & Quelli, C. B. Ardito, M. Muldoon, O. Harper, J. Chin, C. Green and C. E. Reynolds addressed the board claiming that it was inadvisable to raise the liquor license at present. A Caminetti argued the matter in behalf of the saloon men. The matter was continued until September 17.

The clerk presented assessment roll to the board which was turned over to the collector. The roll totals up \$604,689.

STILL IN THE FRONT

For full lines of clothing, shoes, drygoods, gloves, silks, laces, embroideries, ladies' waists and ties, and corsets, all of which will be sold to the people of Amador county for less than any house in the state, taking out the expenses and express charges.

SHOW'S CASH STORE

Sutter Creek - California

Special Train for Circus.

The Barnum and Bailey Circus will exhibit on September 15, 1908, in Stockton. For this occasion the Southern Pacific Company has made a rate of \$1.50 lone to Stockton and return, tickets good on the regular trains of above date. Returning a special train will leave Stockton at 6 o'clock p. m.

The lone and Eastern R. R. has made a rate of \$1.50 for the round trip from Jackson, Sutter Creek and Amador City to lone, and \$1.00 from Martells to lone. Tickets on sale at Martells only.

A special train will be run on the night of September 15th from lone to Martells, connecting with the special train on the Southern Pacific from Stockton.

San Francisco offers great opportunities. Prepare for them by taking a course in the San Francisco Business College, 733 Fillmore St., S. F.

Republican Primaries at Plymouth

A primary election for the selection of delegates to the forthcoming republican convention on the 19th instant was held in Plymouth last Saturday. H. E. Potter of Plymouth and T. Davis of Shenandoah were elected. The Plymouth precincts entitled to five delegates, but the two above named were the only ones that would consent to attend. There is little interest in that section, as there are no nominations to be made in that township. It is probable that other delegates will be elected and appointed before the convention time arrives.

A Burglar in Town

His name is "bad cough." He doesn't care for gold or silver but he will steal your health away. If he appears in your house arrest him at once with Ballard's Horehound Syrup, it may mean consumption if you don't. A cure for all coughs, colds and chest troubles. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Runser's City Pharmacy.

LOVE'S OPERA HOUSE

4 Nights, commencing Sat. Sept. 12

MAJESTIC THEATRE CO.

In MUSICAL COMEDY.

A specially selected cast of real Comedians and Dancers. A two hour continuous performance. No waits between acts. Opera, Burlesque and Comedy, up to date and always ahead. Don't miss it. A genteel and refined performance where you can take your wife, sweetheart or family.

All the Latest Popular Songs.

Music and Captivating Dances

A company of Comedians and Dancers who can deliver the real goods, headed by

KENNEDY AND ANSON.

Change of Comedy, Music, Dances, Specialties nightly.

POPULAR PRICES—25c for Children, and 50c for Adults. No extra charge for reserved seats which may be had at Spagnoli's Drug Store.

DOCUMENTS RECORDED.

[The following instruments have been filed for record in the recorder's office since our last report. We publish a complete list of documents recorded, and must decline to accede to any request to suppress any document from these columns. Don't ask us to do so.]

Deeds—John E. Doane to George W. Kline, lot 47 in 23-8-10, \$2.

Marie S. Hale to George W. Kline, Excelsior quartz claim in 23-8-10, \$5. Decree of Distribution.—Decree in estate of George Kline, deceased, filed.

Cancellation of Mortgage—Jones to Jones. Location—A. L. Reale et al locates 160 acres in 18-7-12.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co; doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Frank J. Cheney. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1896.

A. W. Gleason. Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co, Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75 cents. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Comedy Company Coming.

Commencing Saturday night Sept. 12th, the Majestic Comedy Company comes to Love's opera house for an engagement of four nights. The company comes 16 strong and a most refreshing performance is assured, consisting of comedy singing and dancing. Prices 25 and 50 cents. No extra charge for reserved seats. Now on sale at Spagnoli's Drug Store.

Farmers, mechanics, railroaders, laborers rely on Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Takes the sting out of cuts, burns or bruises at once. Pain cannot stay where it is used.

AMERICA TO BECOME A DREARY DESERT

Unless Reckless Waste of Forests and Mines
is Stopped.

More than forty years ago a boy stood on the west bluff of the Mississippi River, at the village of Dubuque, in Iowa, and looked with eager eyes on the smoothly flowing, yet terrible, flood of yellow water as it bore downward to the gulf.

The harvests had long since been gathered and settlers were coming from many little clearings in the forests with corn in the ear, wheat in coarse bags, and fresh pork, the slashed sides of which were held apart by sticks, to barter for salt, tobacco, powder and lead. All else they needed was grown in their stumpy fields or taken by force or stealth from the woods.

The lad of the bluffs was the son of a settler. On his head was a cap made from the skins of squirrels which he had shot, and on his hands were mittens made from the skin of a wildcat which he had trapped. He could call by name every tree that grew in the forests.

The boy saw the mighty river and asked: "Why is it here and whence did it come?" His father could not tell him; his mother gave him the manuscript books of his grandfather, who had been a school teacher in Kentucky. But the question remained unanswered.

There were other journeys to Dubuque, 20 miles distant, for salt, tobacco and powder—the father had been a Scotch-Irish miner in Illinois and had taken a large supply of lead with him when he moved into the wilderness. The boy always went along on such journeys. He watched upon the bluffs, trying to read on the face of the waters the knowledge he wanted. Since then he has become a famous discoverer and expounder of the truth in nature, but he received no response from the river.

Then he turned to the bluffs, stratum piled on stratum, and at that instant was born one of the world's most distinguished and remarkable geologists.

The full name of the boy has never been known to the public. As a man he signs himself and is called WJ McGee, no period being used after either initial. Everywhere—in the books he has written, in the learned societies here and in Europe, of which he is a member, and in the scientific and official records of the government—he is always and only WJ McGee. After politely fencing with him for five minutes, I suddenly asked: "But what name did the minister use when he baptized you?"

Was Never Baptized.

"My dear sir," he replied, "I have never undergone that solemn and peculiar ceremony."

Forty-eight eminent Americans, including capitalists like James J. Hill and Andrew Carnegie, scientists like John Hays Hammond, leaders of labor like John Mitchell, and public men like Senators Newlands and Beveridge, had been made members of the new federal commission on the conservation of natural resources. It is not too much to say, perhaps, that the commission will begin the most stupendous and brilliant work for the public interest ever attempted in the history of mankind. I asked Dr. McGee, for instance, what would happen ultimately if the natural resources of the country were not conserved.

"America," he answered, "would become uninhabitable; it would be a baked desert of clay and sand with only a spot of green here and there."

The work of the commission is actually staggering in its magnitude and in the splendid genius of its conception. There are to be no more floods. The Mississippi River is to stay within its banks. So is the Ohio. The rains carry 1,000,000,000 of tons of soil into the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic and Pacific oceans every year. The wash of the rains, in tons, about equals the annual freights of all the railways. Lake vessels and river steamboats in the country. And the soil swept away and lost is the richest part of the earth's surface.

Impossible as it seems, the alarming waste of soil value is to be stopped absolutely. Thus where five bushels of wheat now grow there will be six. All crops will be increased by one-fifth. In money, the yearly gain will run into hundreds of millions. There are to be other physical sensations quite as startling.

A scientist, Dr. McGee, and an expert of extraordinary ability and energy, Gifford Pinchot, chief of the United States forest service, will actually be in intellectual control of the commission. Pinchot, so Dr. McGee has said, "is in some respects the most useful man alive." McGee, in his squirrel cap and wild-cat mittens, surrendered himself to the

mystery of the Mississippi, and now, after many years spent in its study, leads in all human knowledge as to its history, its possibilities and its destiny. Coming later, Pinchot has revealed the locked secrets and treasures of the forests.

The Value of Water.

Water is the beginning of all value, and, paradoxical as it may seem, is very largely the substance of it. McGee is the water prophet of America, proclaiming its power and sovereignty and voicing its warnings through the present to posterity. Trees are the pillars of its throne, and Pinchot is their interpreter. The conservation commission, therefore, has imperative need for both men.

"What is meant by the conservation of natural resources?" I asked. "That the waste and improper use of water, forests, minerals and land be stopped. Considering land to be the greatest of all values the first settlers chopped down their trees that they might plant their fields in corn, wheat and fodder for their stock. Then came the discovery of coal and iron and another base of value was added to our resources. So we became a nation of farmers and manufacturers. We tore open the earth for minerals and stripped the land of its forests that we might obtain lumber."

We Now Realize Our Danger.

"I suppose we would have laughed had we been told that we were also developing the greatest desert in history. We failed to perceive that if we wasted all the wealth about us little by little we should be checked until there came a pause, and then a slow but ever-increasing descent into poverty and absolute barrenness. Happily, we now realize our danger, and let me add, none too soon. Unless there is a change of methods and adequate protection the Southern Appalachian region, which comprises the rich country from Maryland to Northern Alabama, will soon be dead agriculturally."

"How do forests prevent floods?" I asked.

"When there is a rain on the prairies the water falls directly on the ground and runs away in tiny trenches, carrying considerable of the top soil with it. In the forests, however, rain does not fall directly on the ground, but on the foliage and limbs of the trees. So the water runs down the trunks, drips from the leaves, or is turned into spray. The mulch of decayed vegetable matter on the ground takes up the rain as it falls and holds it like a sponge. There is no violence, you see, as on the prairies. The water slowly seeps into the earth to re-appear in natural springs or to trickle into the neighboring streams, thus regulating the uniformity of their flow. Such streams never dry up or overrun their banks."

"Settlers east of the Mississippi River nearly always built their cabins near a spring or a stream of clear water. As the surrounding forests were cut away the springs disappeared and the streams became torrents in the spring and autumn and vanished altogether in summer. Floods are not the natural operations of nature. Man came in with his ax to get at the soil and to build houses and towns, and nature's equilibrium being disturbed, there were seasons of riot in water; now too much, and again none whatever."

Mississippi Floods Can Be Stopped.

"The floods in the Mississippi can be stopped entirely. So can the floods of every other river in the country. Trees are nature's one and only preventive. We see the visible destruction of a flood, towns inundated and farms swept bare of build ings and crops, but the invisible destruction is infinitely worse. The waste of water is by all odds the greatest question of the age. We waste it because we fail to understand its value and its uses. Water has given to every city lot in the country and to every acre of agricultural land 90 per cent of their market value. Yet if there is too much water the land is practically worthless. So water must be regulated. Arid regions must be irrigated. Swamps must be drained. Streams must be controlled and kept within their channels."

"But aside from crops, water is the nation's greatest asset. Two centuries hence, when the coal is gone, water will drive every mill in the country and do all the work that is now done by steam. We can develop 3000,000,000 horse-power from our water courses, or three times the pulling power of all the horses in the world. Even a tenth of our capacity would be 300,000,000 horse-power, or \$600,000,000 a year estimated in money. Today only an insignificant fraction of that

power is being utilized. 'Too little of the consumer's money goes to the producer and too much of it goes to the railways and the middlemen. The cost of railway transportation is four times the cost of transportation by water. Cheap freights and the resultant simplification of our methods of carriage would eliminate unnecessary middlemen and their profits. We have not only been wasteful with our resources, but extravagant with our money. The Mississippi has been abandoned virtually as a waterway, even though it was the means of opening and building a very great part of the country."

River Packets Created Culture.

"Culture refinement and intellectuality followed the old river packets on which life was seen in its best phases. Men rode on them and beheld silver, china and napkins for the first time. The packets have gone, but boats for heavy freights are certainties of the future. We are to return to scientific principles in commerce. As a boy, I dreamed of a canal from the Mississippi to the Great Lakes and of a continuous water route to Hudson Bay. Coming to manhood, I thought the great development of our water transportation would not begin for another century. Suddenly, however, we learned that our railways were choked with freight and were inadequate for the requirements of our constantly expanding business. They fell behind, and it is economically impossible for them ever to catch up. Thus we are driven to the water through necessity, as were our fathers."

"The new era in transportation which I thought a hundred years away is at hand. A deep channel is to extend from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, and huge battle-ships will be seen off the ports of Chicago, Cleveland, Buffalo and Milwaukee. It Japan, for instance, should get possession of Canada. The wheat grower in Montana will load a barge and send it to New Orleans without breaking his cargo. Massachusetts manufacturers will go to Florida over an inland waterway. There will be systems of canals of uniform depth, and the railways will bring them freight and leave to them all business of the heavier kind—lumber, corn, cotton, iron, ore and so on. In short, the United States is to have a scientific system of rail and water transportation equal to the needs of the country and at a fair cost."

One Billion Tons of Soil Wasted.

"How many tons of soil annually are washed away by the rains?"

"One million tons, at least, and it is renewed very slowly. Half of the soil goes into the Gulf of Mexico and the rest into the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The waste, and it is really dangerous, is wholly unnecessary, because it is the result of floods, and floods, as I have said, are preventable. Forests and improved methods of agriculture will stop the loss and thus increase the productivity of our farms fully 20 per cent."

"When I was a geologist in the field, years ago, I talked contour farming to the planters of the south—that is, the planting of corn and cotton in semicircular rows, so as to lessen the wash of the rains. The planters said that good farming meant straight rows. However, they gradually accepted my suggestion, and now contour farming is almost universally followed in the hilly regions of the south."

"When I ride through that part of the country and look out of the car window no scenery pleases me quite so much as does a field on a steep slope, planted in crescents of corn in the tassel or of cotton in the bloom."

JAMES B. MORROW.

—Globe Democrat.

A Traveling Man's Experience

"I must tell you my experience on an East bound O. K. & N. R. train from Pendleton to Le Grande, Ore., writes Sam A. Garber, a well known traveling man. 'I was in the smoking department with some other traveling men when one of them went out into the coach and came back and said, 'There is a woman sick unto death in the car.' I at once got up and went out, found her very ill with cramp colic; her hands and arms were drawn up so you could not straighten them, and with a deathlike look on her face. Two or three ladies were working with her and giving her whiskey. I went to my suit case and got my bottle of Chamberlain's colic, cholera, and diarrhoea remedy (I never travel without it), ran to the water tank, put a double dose of the medicine in the glass, poured some water into it and stirred it with a pencil; then I had quite a time to get the ladies to let me give it to her, but I succeeded. I could at once see the effect and I worked with her, rubbing her hands, and in twenty minutes I gave her another dose. By this time we were almost into Le Grande, where I was to leave the train. I gave the bottle to the husband to be used in case another dose should be needed, but by the time the train ran into Le Grande she was all right, and I received the thanks of every passenger in the car.' For sale by Jackson Drug Store, Spangnoll, prop."

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

GUARDING OUR MONEY

How the Treasury Vaults at
Washington Are Protected.

WATCHERS DAY AND NIGHT.

Always on Duty and Always Prepared,
to Shoot to Kill—Never Has a Dollar
Been Taken From Them by
Force—One Daring Scheme.

Not a dollar has ever been taken from the United States treasury by force.

Perhaps the nearest approach to looting the vaults of the treasury was the time Martin Broadfoot had his plans about perfected. This was back in the eighties, and the plan was to get into the building by means of the great sewer which runs under and near the treasury and is known as the Fifteenth street sewer and which grows larger as it enters the Potomac about three-quarters of a mile from the White House.

Broadfoot's plan, as developed after his arrest, was to get into the building, crack the safes and place the money in large rubber bags and float them down the sewer to the Potomac, where his pals would be in waiting. These bags were found in his room when he was arrested, and secret service men had often seen him walking along the shores of the Potomac near where the big sewer empties. This sewer is about nine feet in diameter where it passes the treasury. A man could easily make his way up the sewer through a stream of water which under normal conditions is only about twelve inches deep. By entering the tunnel or sewer at the river the journey to the treasury could be made by keeping a sharp lookout. When the man or men in the sewer reached the Fifteenth street sewer nothing would separate them from the gold coin and bullion except about eighteen feet of earth and not too secure stone wall. It was Broadfoot's scheme to dig his way through this obstruction and to let the earth float or wash down the sewer. It would not have taken one man more than two weeks, working only at night, to have made an opening large enough for a man to crawl through. Of course Broadfoot knew the exact location of the vaults, and when he once reached them he would have had no trouble in getting the gold coin and bullion. It was evidently his purpose to fill the rubber bags with the precious stuff and float them down the sewer to the river, where they would be looked after by his confederates. This was the only really well laid plot ever made to loot the treasury, and just why Broadfoot was never given a trial has never been known to the public. He was an intelligent man, and suspicion was first aroused against him by his frequent visits to the money rooms and vaults and by the questions he asked watchmen and messengers as to the hours of duty, when the time locks closed and what time they opened, and all such questions. That he could have successfully carried out his plans so far as getting into the building and the vaults are concerned there is no question, for men have been in the sewer and conduits who say that it would have been easy work. The most difficult part of the job would have been in getting away with the money and bullion, for it would have required hard work to secure it and get away. About the only chance would have been to bury it somewhere in Virginia, for if it had been placed on boats it would have been easy to recover it.

It is the opinion of the secret service men that many celebrated cracksmen have from time to time contemplated the conversion of a few million treasury notes to their own use, but after careful study they have decided that the undertaking was too colossal in character. Secretary Folger when he assumed his duties was not slow in deciding that the treasury was not properly and safely guarded. There was not an electric alarm in the building, the watchmen were isolated and had no facilities for calling help, and the safes were of the old time lock and key sort, scattered almost all over the big building. The secretary went to work to bring about a proper condition of affairs. He had the watch system completely changed and reorganized, putting them under the strictest discipline. Elaborate and extensive alarm systems were installed. The old safes were replaced by modern steel affairs with time locks and intricate combinations. The gold and silver vaults were fitted with steel casings and time locks, different parts of the combinations being distributed among various officials, so that the vaults could be opened only with the concerted action of all of them, and then only at the stroke of the hour for which the time locks had been set. But without a perfect system of watchmen to guard the safes the treasury could be easily robbed, for the most perfect safe ever made is not proof against the professionals.

The watch force of the treasury is perfectly organized, and the least infraction of rules means a layoff or discharge. The men seem to realize the heavy responsibilities resting upon them, and they are careful almost to a fault. The watch is divided into three reliefs, the tour of duty lasting for eight hours. However, the watch does not anticipate an attack by robbers, but they are prepared for any emergency, and they will not be caught napping should one ever be made either at night or by day. Each watchman is a regular walking arsenal, and the instructions are to shoot, and shoot to kill.—Los Angeles Times.

THEY PAN OUT BIG VALUE



DEMAND THE BRAND

DRIFTED SNOW FLOUR

As pure as the wheat that the green fields grow,
As pure as the best blende millers know,
As pure as the mountain streams that flow,
As pure as the purest is DRIFTED SNOW.

DRIFTED SNOW FLOUR

HIGH GRADE ICE CREAM AND CANDIES

We will mail you a one-pound box to any address in the U. S.
for 75 cents, or a two-pound box for \$1.35. Stamps accepted.

The Wave--434 E. Main st., Stockton.

NORTH MAIN STREET

JACKSON, CAL

CITY MEAT MARKET.

JEO. L. THOMAS & CO.

Dealer in Choice Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal, Lamb, Hams,
Corned Beef, Lard, Bacon, Etc.

At lowest market prices. - - - Orders promptly delivered.

SAVE MONEY

BY USING

PIONEER FLOUR

Because it will make more loaves
of bread to the sack than any
other. Made from strongest wheat

—MANUFACTURED BY—

PIONEER FLOUR MILLS, SACRAMENTO

FURNITURE STORE

Webb Building, JACKSON.

L. C. WHITE..... PROPRIETOR

Only Exclusive Furniture Store in Amador County.

Bedsteads, Mattresses, Bureaus,

Tables, Chairs, Rockers, Desks,

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Second circuit.....Rufus W. Peckham
Third circuit.....Henry W. Brown
Fourth circuit.....Melville W. Fuller
Fifth circuit.....Edward W. White
Sixth circuit.....John M. Harlan
Seventh circuit.....William R. Day
Eighth circuit.....David J. Brewer
Ninth circuit.....Joseph McKenna

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

(Pacific States and Territories)

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Circuit judge.....Eskire M. Ross
Circuit judge.....William B. Gilbert
U. S. Commissioner for Amador county.....Richard Webb

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Associate Justice.....F. W. Henshaw
Associate Justice.....W. G. Lorigan
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Associate Justice.....M. C. Sloss

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First district.....Samuel P. Hall
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Second district.....James W. Taggart
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[Sacramento]

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Sheriff & Tax Collector.....U S Gregory
Deputy.....W. T. Connors
District Attorney.....C. P. Vicini
Clerk and Auditor.....J. R. Huberty
Deputy.....L. Newman
Recorder.....D. A. Patterson
Deputy.....L. G. McEhan
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Deputy.....George A. Gordon
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Supt. of Schols.....W. H. Greenhalgh
Supt. Hospital.....P. B. LeMoin
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Township 2W. Amick, [Chairman] Jone
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Township 5.....L. Burke, Plymouth

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SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY

Reported weekly for the Ledger.

Electric Sparks in Cancer.—A New Indictment.—Docks Floated on Sand.—A Textile of To-morrow.—Mummy Ailments.—Strenuous Evolution.—Squeezing the Gas-Pipes.—Surface Springs.

"Fulguration" is the name proposed for the method of dealing with cancer that has been worked out by Dr. De Keating-Hart, of Marseilles. Lack of results with X-rays and other light radiations decided him to try high frequency electric currents of very high tension, and the spark rays generated prove active in destroying the tumor mass and stimulating the surrounding tissues to absorb the dead tissue and to form firm scars. Quite weak currents are used, with a tension as high as 250,000 to 300,000 volts. As much of the tumor is removed by cutting as practicable, and the sparks are applied where malignant tissue seems to be left, the application lasting about 45 minutes. The process being painful, anaesthetics—of non-inflammable kind—are necessary. Some medical experts who have investigated report that this method is a real advance, several apparent cures of cancer having resulted, while undoubted palliative and temporary effects have been achieved.

The bedbug has been found by two late investigators to be the most dangerous of all blood-sucking insects in spreading disease—or, at any rate, in disseminating plague. In its body the germs live and multiply, retaining virulence for many days, while the bedbug itself seems to suffer no inconvenience.

The two concrete drydocks at Kiel rest on a deep stratum of fine sand, and it is found that,—though measuring outside about 600 by 125 by 60 feet, with 18 foot bottom and walls—they are forced down and up with filling and emptying. The movements are small, though the bottoms bend 0.79 inch, the entire structures settling 0.2 inch on loading.

A future industry of much importance is foreseen by E. Lemaire, a French writer, in the use of spun glass. The spinning of glass into threads was known to the ancient Egyptians, attracted some attention when glass-making was taken up at Venice, and by the end of the eighteenth century the French and Bohemian glass workers were producing threads about three yards long having sufficient flexibility for braiding and making lace. Modern glass spinning was developed by J. de Brumfaut in the middle of the last century. He made longer, more flexible and stronger threads, which were made into embroidery and passementerie, and by Dubus and Bonnel were woven into cloth. They are now made into agrettes and imitation ostrich feathers. De Brumfaut's art has been in large part lost, but at the present time a silk-like glass wool is formed into tissues for the wear of the gouty and rheumatic, the waste being utilized for packing steam pipes, and in Germany the longer fibers are made into a braid that serves not only for non-burning lamp-wicks, but also for heat and electric insulation. Cheap and satisfactory threads for wearing can doubtless be produced when required. The cloth will have unique advantages for clothing and other purposes, as it will be incombustible, a non-conductor of heat, proof against acids, and a perfect insulator against electricity.

Appendicitis is a new disease in name only, and it has been traced back to ancient Egypt by the explorations of Captain H. G. Lyons in 57 cemeteries of the Nile valley, just south of the pillars of Konosso. Female abdominal organs from one grave were so well preserved that this disease could be recognized. Another body showed typical lesions of gout, both forearms of a young woman had been broken and were bandaged with splints, and numerous bones showing reunited fractures gave evidence of much surgical skill. A London museum will acquire from these graves a valuable collection illustrating early disease and accidents and the treatment.

The surface of the earth is undergoing steady transformation, largely through the agency of man, but perhaps nowhere is the plant and animal life of the region being more rapidly supplanted than in New Zealand. The native Polynesian race, crowded by Europeans, is becoming extinct. Many of the imported animals run wild, and multiply rapidly at the expense of the native species, even the streams being filled with European and American trout, which grow to great size. Introduced plants thrive quite as remarkably. New forests are being created designedly because the native trees, though yielding excellent tim-

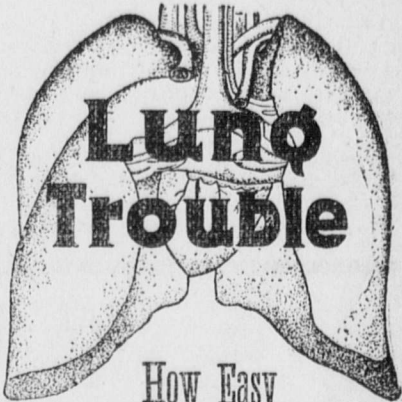
ber, grow very slowly; and already 11,000,000 larches, oaks, spruces, Douglas firs and eucalypts have been planted, while seedlings from them are being continually added.

A new argument in favor of electric lighting is found in the reports of the London gas companies. In six months 110,000,000 cubic feet of gas was lost and could not be accounted for, and it seems that most of this must have disappeared through actual leakage. Company officials suggest an explanation in the increased weight and speed of vehicles using the streets. The added pressure and especially the increased vibration bring new underground strains and must undoubtedly affect pipes carrying gas. Serious possible consequences are pointed out. Ten per cent of the gas is carbon monoxide, a powerful poison, and the accumulation in a stagnant atmosphere may have much to do with London's headaches, dizziness, etc.

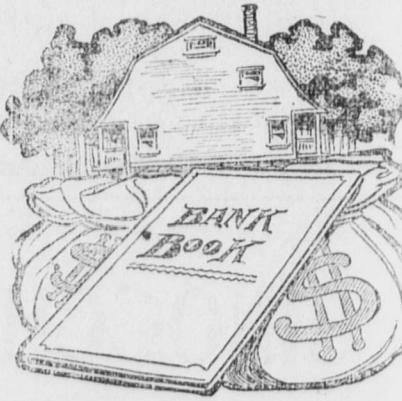
Summer springs of woods and hillsides seem to be less ideal drinking places than they have been supposed. Seemingly pure water is found by Dr. E. A. Martel, the French cave explorer, to come through fissures direct from a polluting soil without any filtration through the rock. Even passage through chalk, moreover, does not seem to filter surface drainage thoroughly.

Good for Biliousness

"I took two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets last night, and I feel fifty per cent better than I have for weeks," says J. J. Firestone of Allegan, Mich. "They are certainly a fine article for biliousness." For sale by Jackson Drug Store, Spagnoli, prop. Samples free.



It is to catch a Cold on the Chest. To let that Cold develop into Consumption. DON'T DO IT. Safeguard yourself with a bottle of **Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup**. A medicine your Grandfather used. Easy to take, pleasant to the taste. Contains no opiates to make you feel good. Sold by all druggists. 50c. and \$1.00 per Bottle. **Dr. J. H. Schenck & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.**



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GRAFTING.

A Lesson in Horticulture With One Serious Omission.

My neighbor Brown came to the garden fence and said: "How do you do your grafting?" "My grafting?" said I. "Yes—grafting apple trees. I want to try it myself." "Oh!" I exclaimed. "Yes, yes! Well, in the first place, I begin by lying—that is, I lie in bed to think the whole thing out in every detail. I watch my opportunity, and on the first fine day I steal a few hours from my business. Then I borrow a saw—a steel one—and with it I rob the tree upon which I want to graft of some of its larger branches. This I try to do in such a way that the loss of the branches will not be noticed. These limbs should not be left lying—that is, lying on the ground. They are unsightly and may attract the attention of passersby. They should be hustled behind the lattice-work screen at once. So far so good. Now, let me see—oh, yes! I rob another tree of a few twigs having buds on them and insert them in the ends of the sawed branches on the tree. Then I take some beeswax and tallow and melt them together. This must be thoroughly mixed. Work it for all you're worth to make it pliable. Finally with this I try to hide all appearance of the graft, from sunlight and air, and there you are—the job is done."

"I see," said Brown, "and I think I'm foxy enough to do the trick the first time trying. Many thanks." Shortly after I heard Brown telling his wife how I explained the process. This is the way he had it: "First," he says, "you must be a good liar; then you watch your chance and steal a half day from the company's time; then you steal a saw; then you defraud the tree of some branches, which you must hide, so nobody will get on; then you rob somebody's tree of twigs, put them in the ends of the branches and cover your tracks with beeswax and tallow." Said Brown's wife: "I don't think that man can be trusted. He has two kinds of grafting mixed, and, besides, he didn't tell you where to steal the apple trees."—Judge.

A LACING.

The Result of Little Edwin's Questions and Comments.

"Say, maw?" "Well, what?" "How do they get holes in lace?" "Why, they make the lace round the holes, my son." "But it ain't lace without it's got holes, is it, maw?" "No, Edwin." "Well, how do they get the holes in the lace they put round the holes to make the lace, then?" "Child, you will yet drive me to distraction." "Where do they get the holes, maw?" "Why, the holes are just air." "Oh, they're air holes?" "I suppose so." "Well, there's air holes in paw's hat. Does that make it a lace hat?" "No, no, no!" "A Swiss cheese has holes in it. Does that make it a Swiss lace?" "Hold your fool tongue! Do you hear?" "Didn't you say all lace had holes, maw?" "Yes." "Well, I've got shoe laces, but they ain't got no holes in 'em." "Leave the room and permit me to finish 'Lady Lingerie's Lost Lover; or, How Lord Lumbago Was Lured Away by a Lissom Little Lallapalaza of a Lacemaker.'" "Maw, kin you make lace?" "No, Edwin; that is not one of my accomplishments." "I didn't think you could, maw. Mrs. Knockenberger said you was so fat lacing wouldn't do you any good." But "maw" wasn't too fat to give Edwin a lacing that did him some good.—Chicago Journal.

The Mouse Trap.

"The child is father to the man," said an inventor. "For instance, there was a miller's son who invented, at the age of seventeen, an automatic mouse trap, a trap that used the recoil from one mouse's capture to set itself for another mouse. This trap worked well, caught eleven mice at the first go off and soon rid the miller's mill of its mice myriads. Well, sir, the boy inventor of that mouse trap used the trap's recoil principle for his greatest invention, the Maxim gun, for it is Sir Hiram Maxim I'm talking about, and if you go to the Maine village of Sanguerville they'll show you there one of the automatic rapid firing mouse traps that presaged the famous Maxim gun."

Fort Sumter of the Revolution.

At the mouth of the Piscataqua river, three miles below the historic town of Portsmouth, N. H., nestles the only seacoast fort in the United States which includes within its confines a combination of all the styles of fortification from the colonial stone redoubt to the present barbettes battery of concrete faced with earth. Moreover, Fort Constitution, as it is named, was the Fort Sumter of the Revolution.—Army and Navy Life.

There Are Others.

"Some women are foolish. That convicted thug gets lots of flowers from women, I s'pose?" "Yes," answered the warden. "But the lady murderer on the next tier has had forty-seven offers of marriage to date."—St. Louis Republic.

See that your children be taught not only the labors of the earth, but the loveliness of it.—John Ruskin.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

THE

AMADOR LEDGER

Published in the Center of the Richest

Mother Lode Gold Belt.

Printed every Friday Afternoon.

R. WEBB, Editor and Proprietor. M. F. CALKINS, Business Manager

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Paper published in Amador County.

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	year, including free pattern.... 2 50
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LOCAL EDITORIAL COLUMN.

AMADOR'S GOLD OUTPUT.

According to the report just issued by the United States geological survey showing the output of California in gold and silver for the year 1907, the five most productive counties rank as follows: Butte \$2,795,807, Nevada \$2,179,588, Amador \$2,129,697, Yuba \$1,772,957, Shasta \$1,162,208, Calaveras \$1,152,395. The value of Amador's output was virtually exclusively in gold, the silver production amounting to only \$13,515. In some respects Amador as a gold producer occupies the most satisfactory position of the entire group of mining counties. Butte, which heads the list in gold value, depends mainly upon dredge mining, which will undoubtedly decrease in a few years. Nevada county has held the lead over Amador for many years, and may perhaps continue to do so for several years to come, but the quartz veins have not been proven of that permanence in depth and size as the mother lode mines of this section. Our neighbor Calaveras shows a heavy falling off in its gold yield, largely due to the decline in the output of the Gwin, which only a few years back outclassed every other mine in the county as a dividend payer. Amador has been among the steadiest producers of the yellow metal. Occasionally a mine has dropped out of the producing list, but some other mine has usually turned up to make good the loss. The prospect at present for the maintenance of the figures of last year is bright. Indeed the developments of several prominent mines give promise that next year's output will eclipse all records in quartz mining in Amador county.

THAT LOWERED TAX RATE.

Our democratic organ, whose guiding star is one of the city trustees, specially directs the attention of the Ledger to the fact that at the meeting of the board of trustees held last week the tax levy for city purposes was fixed at 65 cents on the \$100, a reduction of five cents as compared with last year. This is held up as a clean-cut reduction in the amount that the people will be called upon to contribute for the city government, with the inference that the trustees are entitled to credit for such management. We cannot endorse this view from a full consideration of all the facts. Only the week, before the Dispatch stated that more money was needed for city purposes, and this was the sole reason for the proposed increase of liquor licenses from \$15 to \$45 per quarter. It was purely a question of revenue, not of regulation. With such a measure pending and undetermined, it is premature to start in to brag about cutting down taxes. Let us see how the matter figures up from present indications. A reduction of 5c in the property tax rate, with an assessment of \$600,000 will effect a saving of \$300 to the property holders. On the other hand, an increase of \$30 per quarter in the liquor licenses, with thirty license payers of this class, means an increased revenue of \$3,600 per year. That is the situation as it stands. A \$300 cut is made in one direction, but to offset this a boost of \$12 for every dollar so curtailed is proposed in another direction. We cannot dignify such methods by the name of economy. The same tactics carried still further might eliminate the direct property tax altogether, but it would not necessarily mean lessening the expenses of government. The mere shifting of the burden is not a removal of the burden. Our cotemporary should reserve the crowing until something definite has been accomplished.

Again we urge upon every republican to get registered. Registration closes September 23d. You cannot vote unless your name is on the printed great register. You cannot get on the printed register unless you make application to the county clerk or one of his deputies on or before the above-mentioned date. Don't put off this important duty any longer.

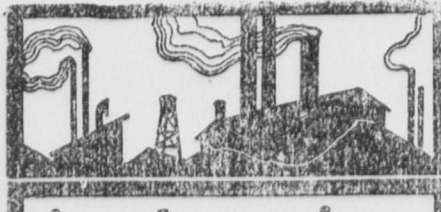
BLOCKADED

Every Household in Jackson Should Know How to Resist It.

The back aches because the kidneys are blockaded. Help the kidneys with their work. The back will ache no more. Lots of proof that Doan's Kidney Pills do this.

Mrs. Jane Young, living on Benham street, Placerville, Cal., says: "I was all doubled up with rheumatism which had troubled me for a long time. My kidneys were out of order and I am confident that the rheumatism was due to their failure in eliminating the uric acid from my system. My joints were stiff and sore and upon arising in the morning I would be so lame that I could hardly stoop or bend. If I made a sudden movement, I would be rewarded with a crick in the back. I tried a number of remedies but nothing gave me relief until Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention. They proved to be all that I required and in a short time every symptom of the trouble was banished. I am pleased to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to others and hope they will give them a trial."

Plenty more proof like this from Jackson people. Call at the City Pharmacy and ask what customers report. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and taken no other.



in the mine

on the farm, in the woods or in the workshop, thousands of workers everywhere wear

Levi Strauss & Co's

Copper Riveted Overalls

the most dependable garments in the world for working men

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between Melvin Ford and W. Yolo, in the blacksmith and wagon making business in Jackson, under the firm name of Ford and Yolo, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

All parties indebted to said firm will please pay their bills at once to M. Ford, who will assume all liabilities of said firm, and who will hereafter carry on the business solely in his own name.

MELVIN FORD,
W. YOLO.

Jackson, August 20, 1908.

A WRECK ON THE ROAD

What a Collision Means to the Man at the Throttle.

PLIGHT OF THE ENGINEER.

The Chances He Has to Take and His Fate Should He Become Crippled In a Smashup—There Are Some Things Worse Than Physical Pain.

"I just dropped in to tell you that the coroner's jury has exonerated you from all blame for the wreck. They are going to hold the block tower man."

The old engineer turned his pain drawn face toward me. A white capped nurse gently brushed back the wild hairs from his forehead.

"Thank you, miss," he said, "and you, too, sir, for the good news. I knew they couldn't blame it on me, because it was white at Mentor. Poor Denny, he'd tell you so, too, if he was alive. 'All white!' he shouted when we came round the curve, and I gave him the answer, 'All white!' and pulled her wide open. Then we struck the empties on the siding, and—well, you know the rest." He wiped a trembling hand across his eyes as if trying to blot out some horrible vision.

His eyes began to sparkle, and a bit of color flashed into his pale cheeks. "I suppose you fellows think I opened her up and went into those boxes just for fun." A smile flitted over his lips, and then he grew serious. "Say, did it ever come to your mind that an engineer might be as anxious about his own life as he is about the lives of those who are riding behind him? My wife and little one—don't you suppose my life counts for something with them?"

"Did you ever stop to think what a collision like that at Mentor means to the engineer? Just try to figure yourself in his place. He rides in four square feet of cab room, surrounded by a mass of levers, rods and the like. Ahead of him is about three miles of boiler pipe, carrying 200 pounds of steam pressure and enough hot water to cook the meat off his bones in a jiffy. Clattering at his back is 6,000 gallons of water and 26,000 pounds of coal. Under him is 200,000 pounds of engine, and behind there is 600,000 pounds of train. Altogether he is running along ahead of 800,000 pounds of steel, hardwood and brass held to an eighty pound rail by three-quarters of an inch of wheel flange.

"Why, when one of those big Russian battleships fired a broadside at the Japanese the whole thing amounted only to 24,000 pounds, so the papers say. And that 24,000 pounds traveling eight miles a minute would strike a Japanese ship eight miles away with an impact only one-tenth of the force we hit the empties at Mentor."

"Of course I was the engineer and they depended on me. There is always a lot of fine talk about engineers having the lives of several hundred passengers in their hands. That's all very true, but you don't want to overlook the fact that the engineer's life is right there along with the others. We all take chances, the train crew as well as the passengers, only our chances are slimmer. I had one chance in 500 of being killed, or one in twenty-five of getting right where I am now, but a passenger on the train had one chance in about 3,000,000 of being killed and one in 130,000 of being hurt."

"I see that a lot of people were killed and a whole lot more hurt. I don't want to be a grumbler, but it appears to me that you fellows have kinder overlooked the fact that both of my legs are gone. Of course that might not mean much to you, but if you realized, as I do, that for the rest of my life it is going to be my job to hobble out into the middle of some country road and wave a white flag as every train goes by—if you could realize what that means to an engineer—to hear the mocking toot of the whistle as she comes up to the crossing and to see the sympathetic salute of the engineer and fireman as they go flying by—I tell you, my boy, there are some things worse than physical pain."

His eyes filled with tears. The nurse gently wiped them away and softly stroked back the hair.

"I wouldn't talk any more now," she said.

"All right, miss," he replied, putting out his hand to me. "I always obey orders."—B. R. Winslow in New York Tribune.

A Free Translation.

"And you say the idiot of a teacher told you that you had an extravagant fool of a father?"

"That's what he meant."

"But what did he say?"

"He said it was criminal folly to waste money on the education of such a chump as I am."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Nothing Left.

"Have you," asked the judge of a recently convicted man, "anything to offer the court before sentence is passed?"

"No, your honor," replied the prisoner; "my lawyer took my last farthing."—London Tit-Bits.

The Last Word.

Conductor—This here transfer expired an hour ago, lady. The lady (digging in her purse snappishly)—No wonder with not a single ventilator open in the whole car!—Puck.

If you would relish you: food, labor for it.—Danish Proverb.

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

—OF—

Public Administrator of Amador County.

To the Honorable R. C. Rust, Judge of the Superior Court of Amador county, California:

The undersigned, the Public Administrator of Amador county, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1739 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, hereby makes to the Superior Court of Amador county, under oath, a return of all the estates of decedents which have come into his hands since said last return, the value of each estate according to the Inventory and Appraisal thereof, the money which has come into his hands, from every such estate and what he has done with it, and the amount of his fees incurred in each estate and the balance, if any, in each such estate remaining in his hands.

H. E. POTTER.

Name of Decedent	Appraised Value of Estate	Cash Received	Ex. of Administration, Debts, Funeral Expenses, Money distributed	Balance on hand	Adm'r's fees	Settled
E. B. O'Neill	\$133	\$154 01	\$154 01	None	\$10 75	Settled
D. Martinetti	100	100	100	7	7	Settled
D. Skero	76 75	76 75	76 75	5 35	5 35	Settled
Teddy Buzolich	72 50	72 50	72 50	5	5	Settled
Luigi Nana	46 50	46 50	46 50	3 25	3 25	Settled
James P. Drew	81 50	81 50	81 50	5 70	5 70	Settled
V. Mazzetti	65	65	65	4 25	4 25	Settled
O. Zanuzzi	809 43	809	438 85	370 15	56 60	Unsettled
Mary Thomson	950 05	844 05	844 05	None	59 10	Settled
Joseph Manley	No appraisal	62 25	11 65	50 60	Unsettled	Unsettled
O. Zanetti	No appraisal	99 92	11 50	88 42	Unsettled	Unsettled
John Voss	No appraisal	55 40	6	49 40	Unsettled	Unsettled
Nick Sky	No appraisal	58 32	85 17	6	79 17	Unsettled
John Brazkovich	No appraisal	118 76	118 76	6	112 76	Unsettled
Mary Mullen	No appraisal	1310 00	305 00	161 60	143 40	Unsettled
Ann E. Trelease	No appraisal	Nothing rec'd	Nothing paid	Nothing paid	Nothing paid	Unsettled

State of California ss.

County of Amador,

H. E. Potter, the Public Administrator of Amador county, after being duly sworn, deposes and says:

I was during all the times mentioned in the foregoing statement the duly elected, qualified and acting public administrator of Amador county; have read the foregoing return made on this day by me to the Superior Court of Amador county, and know the contents thereof, and say upon my oath, that the same is true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me

this 24th day of August, 1908.

(Seal)

M. L. SMITH,

Notary Public in and for Amador county, California.

ang28 6t

W. ROSS

FASHIONABLE TAILOR

Finest Stock of Woolens and Fabrics ever brought to Jackson

First-class Workmanship Guaranteed.

Mr Ross has also, at great expense, learned the business of Cleaning, Pressing and Dyeing, and is prepared for cleaning of Suits, Silks, Satins, etc. Hats cleaned and blocked by most improved method, not commonly used by Tailors.

Open on or about Saturday, August 8th.

MAIN STREET, JACKSON.

In building formerly occupied by Max Ladar.

GINOCCHIO BRO'S.

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise

Groceries, Furnishing Goods, Shoes, Boots, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Mining Supplies, Lumber, Hardware, Hay, Grain, etc., etc.

Corner Main and Water St.

JACKSON - - - CALIFORNIA

DAILY STAGE LINE

BETWEEN

JACKSON and EL DORADO

J. Steiner, Proprietor.

Leaves Jackson every morning at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 10:30 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 1 p. m.; arrives at El Dorado 5 p. m.

Leaves El Dorado 7:15 a. m.; arrives at Plymouth 11 a. m. Leaves Plymouth at 2 p. m.; arrives in Jackson at 5 p. m.

OFFICES—Jackson, National Hotel; Sutter Creek, American Exchange; Amador City, Amador Hotel; Drytown, Exchange; Plymouth, Forest House.

Prompt delivery of packages.

This line connects with passenger trains to and from Placerville.

THROUGH FARE . . . \$2.50

Fifty pounds of baggage free.

Notice for Publication.

Serial No. 0100. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Sacramento, Calif., August 4, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that George S. Rule, of Volcano, Amador county, California, who on August 20th, 1903, made homestead entry, No. 7579, for N¹/₂ of Sec 34 and S¹/₂ of NE¹/₄ of Section 24, Township 7 N., Range 11 E., Mt. Diablo Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the U. S. Commissioner, at Jackson, California, on the 14th day of September, 1908.

Claimant names as witnesses: O. M. Henry, W. Leasley, C. P. Jordan, of Volcano, California; Warren Hamilton, of Sutter Creek.

JOHN F. ARMSTRONG, Register.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Castoria

CALL

—FOR—

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The republican county central committee of Amador county in meeting assembled on this 24th day of August, 1908, at Jackson, Cal., hereby adopt the following call for a republican county convention to be held on the 19th day of September, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the city of Jackson, Amador county, California. That the said convention shall be held for the purpose of nominating such county and township officers as are to be voted for at the general election to be held in the state of California on Tuesday, November 3d, 1908, to select a new county central committee and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

That the said convention shall consist of 85 delegates and all of said delegates shall be elected at a primary election. That the date of said primary election shall be fixed by the respective committeemen of each township; provided that said primary election shall not be held later than Sept. 12, 1908.

That the members of the county central committee in the different townships of the county are empowered, if they so desire, to hold district conventions for the purpose of nominating their candidates in their respective districts at any time prior to the date of the said county convention, Sept. 19, 1908.

That the polls for the said primary election shall be open between the hours of 6 p. m. and 9 p. m.

That the test to be required of every person seeking to vote a republican ballot at said primary election shall be as follows: A present bona fide intention of supporting the nominees of the republican party at the next ensuing election.

That the following number of delegates be elected in each of the precincts of the county.

Township No. 1—30 delegates.

North Jackson 7

South Jackson 6

East Jackson 5

West Jackson 5

Center Jackson 5

Clinton 2

Township No. 2—16 delegates.

North June 6

South June 7

Buena Vista 1

Lancha Plana 2

Township No. 3—11 delegates.

Volcano 3

Pine Grove 3

Oleta 4

Antelope 1

Township No. 4—18 delegates.

East Sutter 6

West Sutter 3

South Sutter 5

North Amador 2

South Amador 2

Township No. 5—10 delegates.

North Plymouth 3

South Plymouth 3

Drytown 3

Forest Home 1

That the location of the polling places and names of the primary election officers shall be selected by the respective committeemen of each township.

Rep. County Central Com. A. M. GALL, secretary.

L. OETTINGER

S. N. KNIGHT

KNIGHT & CO.

Foundry & Machine Shop

Sutter Creek, Cal.

BUILDERS OF WATER WHEELS OF latest and most approved patterns, and all kinds of sheet iron pipe. Every description of mining and milling machinery made at the shortest notice. We desire to call the attention of blacksmiths and other workers in iron to the fact that we keep constantly on hand a large and complete stock of bar, refined and Norway iron, gas pipe, gas fittings, etc., which we will sell at the LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Special Small Ads.

Advertisements under this head, not exceeding 5 lines, will be inserted at 50c per month, or 5 cents per line for less than one month.

All kinds of Blanks for U. S. Land Filings—Homestead, Timber and Mineral blanks—may be had at the Ledger office; also deeds, mortgages, mining locations, proof of labor, and other legal blanks kept for sale.

Mining Signals on cloth, required to be posted in all mines, for sale at the Ledger office.

For Sale—Lot of benches, formerly used in Webb hall; 6 and 8 feet long; suitable for show place, churches, etc. Will be sold cheap; apply at Ledger office.

Acknowledgment blanks for notaries, specially printed for Amador county, may be had at the Ledger office. Price 50c per packet of 50.

Furnished Rooms to let; inquire at Ledger office.

Copies of the license ordinance of the City of Jackson in pamphlet form may be had at the Ledger office; price 15c. each.

For Rent—Two front rooms in the Webb hall building, suitable for offices. Apply at Ledger office.

For Sale.

Grocery Business, centrally located in the city of Stockton. Established five years ago. Will sell on invoice. Five years lease of property. Inquire of T. P. BONNEY & CO., Real Estate & Insurance, No. 26 S. California st., Stockton